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WORKSHOP

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AGREEMENT

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English version

Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification Release 3.40 - Part 62: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been drafted and approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties, the constitution of which is indicated in the foreword of this Workshop Agreement.

The formal process followed by the Workshop in the development of this Workshop Agreement has been endorsed by the National Members of CEN but neither the National Members of CEN nor the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre can be held accountable for the technical content of this CEN Workshop Agreement or possible conflicts with standards or legislation.

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European Foreword

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been developed in accordance with the CEN-CENELEC Guide 29 "CEN/CENELEC Workshop Agreements – The way to rapid consensus" and with the relevant provisions of CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations - Part 2. It was approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties on 2019-10-08, the constitution of which was supported by CEN following several public calls for participation, the first of which was made on 1998-06-24. However, this CEN Workshop Agreement does not necessarily include all relevant stakeholders.

The final text of this CEN Workshop Agreement was provided to CEN for publication on 2019-12-12. The following organizations and individuals developed and approved this CEN Workshop Agreement:

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The CWA is published as a multi-part document, consisting of:

- Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 2: Service Classes Definition Programmer's Reference
- Part 3: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 13: Alarm Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 14: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 15: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 16: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 17: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 18: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 19: Biometrics Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Parts 20 28: Reserved for future use.
- Parts 29 through 47 constitute an optional addendum to this CWA. They define the integration between the SNMP standard and the set of status and statistical information exported by the Service Providers.
- Part 29: XFS MIB Architecture and SNMP Extensions Programmer's Reference
- Part 30: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Printer Device Class
- Part 31: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Identification Card Device Class
- Part 32: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash Dispenser Device Class
- Part 33: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions PIN Keypad Device Class

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- Part 34: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Check Reader/Scanner Device Class
- Part 35: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Depository Device Class
- Part 36: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Text Terminal Unit Device Class
- Part 37: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class
- Part 38: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Camera Device Class
- Part 39: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Alarm Device Class
- Part 40: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Embossing Unit Class
- Part 41: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash-In Module Device Class
- Part 42: Reserved for future use.
- Part 43: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class
- Part 44: XFS MIB Application Management
- Part 45: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Dispenser Device Class
- Part 46: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Barcode Reader Device Class
- Part 47: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Item Processing Module Device Class
- Part 48: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Biometrics Device Class
- Parts 49 60 are reserved for future use.
- Part 61: Application Programming Interface (API) Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 62: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 63: Identification Card Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 64: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 65: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 66: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 67: Depository Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 68: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 69: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
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- Part 72: Alarm Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 73: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 74: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference
- Part 75: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) Programmer's Reference

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Part 76: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 77: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available online from: https://www.cen.eu/work/Sectors/Digital society/Pages/WSXFS.aspx.

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1. Migration Information

XFS 3.40 has been designed to minimize backwards compatibility issues. This document highlights the changes made to the PTR device class between version 3.30 and 3.40, by highlighting the additions and deletions to the text.

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2. Banking Printers

This specification describes the functionality of the services provided by banking printers and scanning devices under XFS, focusing on the following areas:

- application programming for printing
- print document definition
- integration with the Windows architecture
- scanning images for devices such as check scanners

These descriptions include definitions of the service-specific commands that can be issued, using the WFSAsyncExecute, WFSExecute, WFSGetInfo and WFSAsyncGetInfo functions.

The requirements for printing in banking applications are significantly different from those of the conventional PC environment, and the XFS support delivers the foundation for financial application printing, including:

• Controlled access to shared printers

The banking printers can be shared between workstations and the XFS layer provides the ability for the application to manage ownership of a print device. This allows an application to identify the operator granted control of the printer, and to ensure that a teller printing multiple documents is not interrupted by work for other applications.

• Application controlled printing

In the banking environment, it is necessary for the application to receive positive feedback on the availability of print devices, and the success or failure of individual print operations. The XFS printer support provides a standard mechanism for application retrieval of this status information.

• Management of printing peripherals

Distributed banking networks require the ability to track the availability and failure of printing peripherals on a branch and system-wide basis. Through the XFS **WFSRegister** function monitoring programs can collect error alerts from the banking printers.

• Vendor independent API and document definition

All of the XFS peripheral implementations are designed around a standardized family of APIs to allow application code portability across vendor hardware platforms. With printers, it is also recognized that banks invest a significant amount of resource in the authoring of print documents. The XFS printer service class is implemented around a forms model which also standardizes the basic document definition. This extends the investment protection provided by XFS compliant systems to include this additional part of the application development.

• Windows printing integration

It is possible for a banking printer to offer printing capabilities that can be accessed by non-banking specific applications, such as general office productivity packages. This would not, for example, be true for a receipt printer, but it could be the case for a device with document printing capabilities. A vendor may choose an XFS implementation that allows both types of applications (XFS and Windows applications using the Windows printing subsystem) to share the printing devices. The vendor should specify any impact this approach has on XFS subsystem operation, such as error reporting.

Full implementation of the above features depends on the individual vendor-supplied Service Providers. This specification outlines the functionality and requirements for applications using the XFS printer and scanning services, and for the development of those services.

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3. Banking Printer Types

The XFS printer service defines and supports five types of banking printers through a common interface:

• Receipt Printer

The receipt printer is used to print cut sheet documents. It may or may not require insert or eject operations, and often includes an operator identification device, e.g. Teller A and Teller B lights, for shared operation.

• Journal Printer

The journal is a continuous form device used to record a hardcopy audit trail of transactions, and for certain report printing requirements.

• Passbook Printer

The passbook device is physically and functionally the most complex printer. The XFS definition supports automatic positioning of the book, as well as read/write capability for an optional integrated magnetic stripe. The implementation also manages the book geometry - i.e. the margins and centerfolds - presenting the simplest possible application interface while delivering the full range of functionality.

Some passbook devices also support the dispensing of new passbooks from up to four passbook paper sources (upper, aux, aux2, lower). Some passbook devices may also be able to place a full passbook in a parking station, print the new passbook and return both to the customer. Passbooks can only be dispensed or moved from the parking station if there is no other media in the print position or in the entry/exit slot.

• Document Printer

Document printing is similar to receipt printing - a set of fields are positioned on one or more inserted sheets of paper - but the focus is on full-size forms. It should be noted that the XFS environment supports the printing of text and graphic fields from the application. The electronic printing of the form image (the template portion of the form which is usually pre-printed with dot-matrix style printers) may also be printed by the application.

• Scanner Printer

The scanner printer is a device incorporating both the capabilities to scan inserted documents and optionally to print on them. These devices may have more than one area where documents may be retained.

Additional hardware components, like scanners, stripe readers, OCR readers, and stamps, normally attached directly to the printer are also controlled through this interface. Additionally the Printer and Scanning class interface can also be used for devices that are capable of scanning without necessarily printing. This includes devices such as Check Scanners.

The specification refers to the terms paper and media. When the term paper is used this refers to paper that is situated in a paper supply attached to the device. The term media is used for media that is inserted by the customer (e.g. check and other material that is scanned) or that is issued to the customer (e.g. a receipt or statement). Receipt, document printers and also passbook printers with white passbook dispensing capability have both. As soon as the paper gets printed it becomes media. Scanners only have media. The term media does not apply to journal printers. When paper is in the print position it is classified as media, on some printers that maintain paper under the print head there will always be both media and paper.

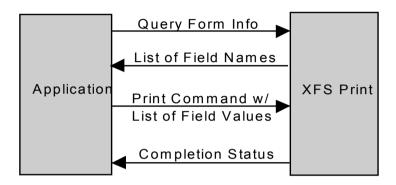
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4. Forms Model

The XFS printing class functionality is based on a "forms" model for printing. Banking documents are represented as a series of text and/or graphic fields output from the application, and positioned on the document by the XFS printing system.

The form is an object which includes the positioning and presentation information for each of the fields in the document. The application selects a form, and supplies only the field data and the control parameters to fully define the print document.

The form objects are owned and managed by the XFS printing service. To optimize maintainability of the system, the application can query the service for the list of fields required to print a given form. Through this mechanism, it is not necessary to duplicate the field contents of forms in application authoring data. The figure below outlines the printing process from the application's view.



The XFS implementation recognizes that the form object must be supported by job-specific data to fully address printing requirements. As an example, a form defining a passbook print line will need to have its origin defined externally in order to be reused for different passbook lines. These job specific parameters are supplied on the call to the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command.

In some cases, the application wants to print a block of data without considering it as a series of separate fields. One example is a line of journal data, fully formatted by the application. This can be handled by defining a one field form, or by use of the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA command.

The document definition under XFS printing is standardized to provide portability across vendor implementations. The standard has been defined at the source language level for the document definition, allowing vendor differences at the runtime level to manage implementation specific dependencies, providing several areas where vendors can provide value-added extensions. As an example, a vendor providing a graphical form definition tool can produce the field definition object format directly. The XFS requirements for portability are:

- A vendor must be able to export print format in the standardized field definition source format for portability to other systems.
- A vendor must be able to import document formats produced on other systems in the standardized field definition source format.
- A vendor can extend the field definition source language, but any verbs included in the standard must be implemented strictly as defined by the standard. Import and export facilities must be tolerant of source language extensions, reporting but ignoring the exceptions.

The document definition also recognizes that unique hardware restrictions may require tuning of field positioning from one vendor's platform to another. To enhance portability, the XFS document format has specifically been defined to allow a single reference adjustment for all fields to avoid forcing the customer to reposition each field.

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5. References

1. XFS Application Programming Interface (API)/Service Provider Interface (SPI), Programmer's Reference Revision 3.3040

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6. Command Overview

The basic operation of the print devices is managed using the WFSGetInfo/WFSAsyncGetInfo and WFSExecute/WFSAsyncExecute functions, with two primary commands:

WFS INF PTR QUERY FORM

This command retrieves the form header information, and the list of fields. It is performed using **WFSGetInfo**, which means that it can be performed even when the service is locked by another user.

WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM

This command is performed using **WFSExecute**, and includes as parameter data the name of the form to select and the required field data values.

This approach combines in the most efficient manner the four logical steps required to print a form:

- Selecting a document form object.
- Querying the service for the list of fields.
- Supplying the data for each field.
- Issuing the print command.

By using a **WFSGetInfo** command for retrieval of the list of field names, rather than **WFSExecute** (which is blocked when the service is locked by another application), it is possible for an application to assemble the required set of fields for a form before locking the service. This minimizes the time that each application request ties up the service. Using **WFSGetInfo**, it is also possible to query the attributes of a particular field. This command is generally not required for most applications.

The combination of form selection, field value presentation, and the print action into an atomic command - the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command - makes it possible to express a complete print operation with one API call. This implementation allows an application to perform a print operation without locking and subsequently unlocking the service (although locking may still be desirable for other reasons). To do multiple print operations without allowing other applications to intersperse their print requests, it is still necessary to use the lock functions. Where these multiple print functions represent a series of passbook lines (using the INDEX capability in the field definition), the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command provides support for management of the print line number. Note that if a form contains a tabular field (i.e. one with a non-zero INDEX value), and data is not supplied for some of the lines in the "table", then those lines are left blank.

For printers with the capability to read from a passbook (OCR, MICR and/or magnetic stripe), the data is read with the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM command. The data is written using the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command. Since these devices are usable only for passbook operations, they are not defined as separate logical devices.

Finally, the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command can be used to print a file that contains a complete print job in the native printer language. This file will have been created through the Windows GDI.

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7. Info Commands

7.1 WFS_INF_PTR_STATUS

Description This command is used to request status information for the device.

Input Param None

Output Param LPWFSPTRSTATUS lpStatus;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_status
     WORD
                           fwDevice;
     WORD
                           fwMedia;
     WORD
                           fwPaper[WFS PTR SUPPLYSIZE];
                           fwToner;
     WORD
     WORD
                           fwInk;
                           fwLamp;
     WORD
     LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS *lppRetractBins;
     USHORT
                           usMediaOnStacker;
     LPSTR
                           lpszExtra;
     DWORD
                           dwGuidLights[WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
     WORD
                           wDevicePosition;
                           usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
     USHORT
     WORD
                           wPaperType[WFS PTR SUPPLYSIZE];
     WORD
                           wAntiFraudModule;
     WORD
                           wBlackMarkMode;
     } WFSPTRSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRSTATUS;
```

fwDevice

Specifies the state of the print device as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE	The device is online (i.e. powered on and operable).
WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE	The device is offline (e.g. the operator has taken the device offline by turning a switch).
WFS_PTR_DEVPOWEROFF	The device is powered off or physically not connected.
WFS_PTR_DEVNODEVICE	There is no device intended to be there; e.g. this type of self service machine does not contain such a device or it is internally not configured.
WFS_PTR_DEVHWERROR	The device is inoperable due to a hardware error.
WFS_PTR_DEVUSERERROR	The device is present but a person is preventing proper device operation.
WFS_PTR_DEVBUSY	The device is busy and unable to process an execute command at this time.
WFS_PTR_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT	The device is present but is inoperable because it has detected a fraud attempt.
WFS_PTR_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD	The device has detected a potential fraud attempt and is capable of remaining in service. In this case the application should make the decision as to whether to take the device offline.

fwMedia

Specifies the state of the print media (i.e. receipt, statement, passbook, etc.) as one of the following values. This field does not apply to journal printers:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT	Media is in the print position, on the stacker or on the transport (i.e. a passbook in the parking station is not considered to be present). On devices with continuous paper supplies, this value is set when paper is under the print head. On devices with no supply or individual sheet supplies, this value is set when paper/media is successfully inserted/loaded.
WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTPRESENT	Media is not in the print position or on the stacker.
WFS PTR MEDIAJAMMED	Media is jammed in the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTSUPP	The capability to report the state of the print media is not supported by the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The state of the print media cannot be determined with the device in its current state.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAENTERING WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Media is at the entry/exit slot of the device. Media was retracted during the reset operation.

fwPaper [...]

Specifies the state of the paper supplies. A number of paper supplies are defined below. Vendor specific paper supplies are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum paper index is WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX.

fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYUPPER]

Specifies the state of the only paper supply or the upper paper supply, if more than one, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER]

Specifies the state of the lower paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL]

Specifies the state of the external paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

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fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYAUX]

Specifies the state of the auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYAUX2]

Specifies the state of the second auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYPARK]

Specifies the state of the parking station as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The parking station is busy.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The parking station is free.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The parking station is jammed.

fwToner

Specifies the state of the toner or ink supply or the state of the ribbon as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TONERFULL	The toner or ink supply is full or the ribbon
	is OK.
WFS_PTR_TONERLOW	The toner or ink supply is low or the print contrast with a ribbon is weak.
WFS_PTR_TONEROUT	The toner or ink supply is empty or the print contrast with a ribbon is not sufficient any more.
WFS_PTR_TONERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_TONERUNKNOWN	Status of toner or ink supply or the ribbon cannot be determined with device in its current state.

fwInk

Specifies the status of the stamping ink in the printer as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_INKFULL	Ink supply in device is full.
WFS_PTR_INKLOW	Ink supply in device is low.
WFS_PTR_INKOUT	Ink supply in device is empty.
WFS_PTR_INKNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_INKUNKNOWN	Status of the stamping ink supply cannot be
	determined with device in its current state.

fwLamp

Specifies the status of the printer imaging lamp as one of the following values:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_LAMPOK	The lamp is OK.
WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING	The lamp should be changed.
WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP	The lamp is inoperative.
WFS_PTR_LAMPNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_LAMPUNKNOWN	Status of the imaging lamp cannot be
	determined with device in its current state

lppRetractBins

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to WFSPTRRETRACTBINS structures (one for each supported bin). The first pointer holds the structure for bin one, the second for bin two and so on. A NULL pointer is returned if no retract bin is supported.

wRetractRin

Specifies the state of the printer retract bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK	The retract bin of the printer is in a
	healthy state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin of the printer is full.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device
	in its current state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH	The retract bin of the printer is nearly
	full.
WFS PTR RETRACTBINMISSING	The retract bin is missing.

usRetractCount

The number of media retracted to this bin. This value is persistent; it may be reset to zero by the WFS CMD PTR RESET COUNT command.

usMediaOnStacker

The number of media on stacker; applicable only to printers with stacking capability.

lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicators. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS MAX.

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as

WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE, WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, optionally one type C, and optionally one type D.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	The status is not available.	A
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light is turned off.	A
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light is blinking slowly.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light is blinking medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light is blinking quickly.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light is turned on	В
	continuous (steady).	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED	The light is red.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light is green.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light is yellow.	C

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WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light is blue.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light is cyan.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light is magenta.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light is white.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light is in the entry state.	D
WFS PTR GUIDANCE EXIT	The light is in the exit state.	D

dwGuidLights [WFS PTR GUIDANCE PRINTER]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator on the printer unit.

wDevicePosition

Specifies the device position. The device position value is independent of the *fwDevice* value, e.g. when the device position is reported as WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION, *fwDevice* can have any of the values defined above (including WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE or WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE). If the device is not in its normal operating position (i.e. WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION) then media may not be presented through the normal customer interface. This value is one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating position, or is fixed in place and cannot be moved.
WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its normal operating position.
WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	Due to a hardware error or other condition, the position of the device cannot be determined.
WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP	The physical device does not have the capability of detecting the position.

usPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state from the current power saving mode. This value is zero if either the power saving mode has not been activated or no power save control is supported.

wPaperType [...]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the device. A number of paper types are defined below. Vendor specific paper types are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum paper index is WFS PTR SUPPLYMAX.

wPaperType [WFS PTR SUPPLYUPPER]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the only paper supply or the upper paper supply, if more than one, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS PTR SUPPLYLOWER]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the lower paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS PTR SUPPLYEXTERNAL]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the external paper supply as one of the following values:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS PTR SUPPLYAUX]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS PTR SUPPLYAUX2]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the second auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS PTR SUPPLYPARK]

Specifies the type of paper in the parking station as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wAntiFraudModule

Specifies the state of the anti-fraud module as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_AFMNOTSUPP	No anti-fraud module is available.
WFS_PTR_AFMOK	Anti-fraud module is in a good state and no
	foreign device is detected.
WFS_PTR_AFMINOP	Anti-fraud module is inoperable.
WFS_PTR_AFMDEVICEDETECTED	Anti-fraud module detected the presence of a
	foreign device.
WFS_PTR_AFMUNKNOWN	The state of the anti-fraud module cannot be determined

wBlackMarkMode

Specifies the status of the black mark detection and associated functionality:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_BLACKMARKDETECTIONNOTS	SUPP
	Black mark detection is not supported.
WFS_PTR_BLACKMARKDETECTIONON	Black mark detection and associated
	functionality is switched on.
WFS_PTR_BLACKMARKDETECTIONOFF	Black mark detection and associated
	functionality is switched off.

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WFS_PTR_BLACKMARKDETECTIONUNKNOWN

The status of the black mark detection cannot be determined.

Error Codes

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

In the case where communications with the device has been lost, the *fwDevice* field will report WFS_PTR_DEVPOWEROFF when the device has been removed or WFS_PTR_DEVHWERROR if the communications are unexpectedly lost. All other fields should contain a value based on the following rules and priority:

- 1. Report the value as unknown.
- 2. Report the value as a general h/w error.
- 3. Report the value as the last known value.

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7.2 WFS INF PTR CAPABILITIES

Description This command is used to request device capability information.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPTRCAPS lpCaps;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_caps
     WORD
                           wClass;
     WORD
                           fwType;
                           bCompound;
     BOOL
     WORD
                           wResolution;
     WORD
                           fwReadForm;
                           fwWriteForm;
     WORD
     WORD
                           fwExtents;
     WORD
                           fwControl;
     USHORT
                           usMaxMediaOnStacker;
     BOOL
                           bAcceptMedia;
                           bMultiPage;
     BOOL
     WORD
                           fwPaperSources;
     BOOL
                           bMediaTaken;
     USHORT
                           usRetractBins;
                           lpusMaxRetract;
     LPUSHORT
     WORD
                           fwImageType;
     WORD
                           fwFrontImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           fwBackImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           fwCodelineFormat;
     WORD
                           fwImageSource;
     WORD
                           fwCharSupport;
                           bDispensePaper;
     BOOT
     LPSTR
                           lpszExtra;
     DWORD
                           dwGuidLights[WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
                           lpszWindowsPrinter;
     LPSTR
                           bMediaPresented;
     BOOL
     USHORT
                           usAutoRetractPeriod;
     BOOL
                           bRetractToTransport;
     BOOL
                           bPowerSaveControl;
                           fwCoercivityType;
     WORD
     WORD
                           fwControlPassbook;
     WORD
                           wPrintSides;
                           bAntiFraudModule;
     BOOL
     DWORD
                           dwControlEx;
     BOOL
                           bBlackMarkModeSupported;
     LPDWORD
                           lpdwSynchronizableCommands;
     } WFSPTRCAPS, *LPWFSPTRCAPS;
```

wClass

Specifies the logical service class as WFS SERVICE CLASS PTR.

fwTvne

Specifies the type(s) of the physical device driven by the logical service, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TYPERECEIPT	Device is a receipt printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEPASSBOOK	Device is a passbook printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEJOURNAL	Device is a journal printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEDOCUMENT	Device is a document printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPESCANNER	Device is a scanner that may have printing
	capabilities.

bCompound

Specifies whether the logical device is part of a compound physical device.

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wResolution

Specifies at which resolution(s) the physical device can print. Used by the application to select the level of print quality desired (e.g. as in Word for Windows); does not imply any absolute level of resolution, only relative. Specified as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RESLOW	Can print with low resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESMED	Can print with medium resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	Can print with high resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	Can print with very high resolution.

fwReadForm

Specifies whether the device can read data from media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_READOCR	Device has OCR capability.
WFS_PTR_READMICR	Device has MICR capability.
WFS_PTR_READMSF	Device has MSF capability.
WFS_PTR_READBARCODE	Device has Barcode capability.
WFS_PTR_READPAGEMARK	Device has Page Mark capability.
WFS_PTR_READIMAGE	Device has imaging capability.
WFS_PTR_READEMPTYLINE	Device has capability to detect empty print
	lines for passbook printing.

fwWriteForm

Specifies whether the device can write data to the media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT	Device has Text capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS	Device has Graphics capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR	Device has OCR capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR	Device has MICR capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF	Device has MSF capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE	Device has Barcode capability.
WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP	Device has stamping capability.

fwExtents

Specifies whether the device is able to measure the inserted media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL	Device has horizontal size detection
	capability.
WFS PTR EXTVERTICAL	Device has vertical size detection capability.

fwControl

Specifies the manner in which media can be controlled, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported). This field is deprecated. The values for *fwControl* are reported using the *dwControlEx* field.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Device can eject media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE	Device can perforate media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT	Device can cut media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP	Device can skip to mark.
WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH	Device can be sent data that is buffered
	internally, and flushed to the printer on request.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Device can retract media under application control.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK	Device can stack media items before ejecting as a bundle.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT	Device can partially cut the media.

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WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM	Device can ring a bell, beep or otherwise sound an audible alarm.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD	Capability to turn one page forward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD	Capability to turn one page backward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLTURNMEDIA	Device can turn inserted media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP	Device can stamp on media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK	Device can park a document into the parking
	station.
WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL	Device can expel media out of the exit slot.
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT	Device can move media to a position on the
	transport just behind the exit slot.

usMaxMediaOnStacker

Specifies the maximum number of media items that the stacker can hold (zero if not available).

bAcceptMedia

Specifies whether the device is able to accept media while no execute command is running that is waiting explicitly for media to be inserted. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

bMultiPage

Specifies whether the device is able to support multiple page print jobs. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

fwPaperSources

Specifies the Paper sources available for this printer as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Indicates an upper paper source is available; devices with only one paper supply must indicate WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER as being available.
WFS PTR PAPERLOWER	Indicates a lower paper source is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Indicates an external paper source (such as envelope tray or single sheet feed) is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	An auxiliary paper source is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	A second auxiliary paper source is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	A parking station is available.

hMediaTaken

Specifies whether the device is able to detect when the media is taken from the exit slot. If FALSE, the WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event is not fired. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

usRetractBins

Specifies the number of retract bins (zero if not supported).

lpusMaxRetract

Pointer to an array of the length *usRetractBins* with the maximum number of media items that each retract bin can hold (one count for each supported bin, starting from zero for bin number one to *usRetractBins*-1 for bin number *usRetractBins*). NULL pointer if the device has no retract bin.

fwImageType

Specifies the image format supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The device can return scanned images in
	TIFF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The device can return scanned images in
	WMF (Windows Metafile) format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	The device can return scanned images in
	Windows BMP format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	The device can return scanned images in
	JPG format.

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fwFrontImageColorFormat

Specifies the front image color formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The device can return scanned images in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors black and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The device can return scanned images in
	gray scale (image contains multiple gray
	colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The device can return scanned images in full
	color (image contains colors like red, green,
	blue etc.).

fwBackImageColorFormat

Specifies the back image color formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The device can return scanned images in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors black and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The device can return scanned images in
	gray scale (image contains multiple gray
	colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The device can return scanned images in full
	color (image contains colors like red, green,
	blue etc.).

fwCodelineFormat

Specifies the code line (MICR data) formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	The device can read CMC7 code lines.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	The device can read E13B code lines.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR	The device can read code lines using Optical
	Character Recognition.

fwImageSource

Specifies the source for the read image command supported by this device, as a combination of the following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The device can scan the front image of the
	document.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The device can scan the back image of the
HIEG DED GODELDIE	document.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The device can recognize the code line.

fwCharSupport

One or more flags specifying the character sets, in addition to single byte ASCII, that is supported by the Service Provider:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ASCII	ASCII is supported for XFS forms.
WFS PTR UNICODE	UNICODE is supported for XFS forms.

For *fwCharSupport*, a Service Provider can support ONLY ASCII forms or can support BOTH ASCII and UNICODE forms. A Service Provider cannot support UNICODE forms without also supporting ASCII forms.

bDispensePaper

Specifies whether the device is able to dispense paper. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

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lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies which guidance lights are available. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS MAX.

In addition to supporting specific flash rates and colors, some guidance lights also have the capability to show directional movement representing "entry" and "exit". The "entry" state gives the impression of leading a user to place media into the device. The "exit" state gives the impression of ejection from a device to a user and would be used for retrieving media from the device.

The elements of this array are specified as a combination of the following flags and indicate all of the possible flash rates (type B, colors (type C) and directions (type D) that the guidance light indicator is capable of handling. If the guidance light indicator only supports one color then no value of type C is returned. If the guidance light indicator does not support direction then no value of type D is returned. A value of WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE indicates that the device has no guidance light indicator or the device controls the light directly with no application control possible.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	There is no guidance light control	A
	available at this position.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light can be off.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light can blink slowly.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light can blink medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light can blink quickly.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light can be	В
	continuous (steady).	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED	The light can be red.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light can be green.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light can be yellow.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light can be blue.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light can be cyan.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light can be magenta.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light can be white.	C
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light can be in the entry state.	D
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light can be in the exit state.	D

dwGuidLights [WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_PRINTER]

Specifies whether the guidance light indicator on the printer unit is available.

lpszWindowsPrinter

Specifies the name of the default logical Windows printer that is associated with this Service Provider. Applications should use this printer name to generate native printer files (i.e. .PRN) to be printed through the WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command. This value will be NULL if the Service Provider does not support the WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command.

bMediaPresented

Specifies whether the device is able to detect when the media is presented to the user for removal. If TRUE, the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event is fired. If FALSE, the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event is not fired.

usAutoRetractPeriod

Specifies the number of seconds before the device will automatically retract the presented media. If the command that generated the media is still active when the media is automatically retracted, the command will complete with a WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED error. If the device does not retract media automatically this value will be zero.

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bRetractToTransport

Specifies whether the device is able to retract the previously ejected media to the transport. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

bPowerSaveControl

Specifies whether power saving control is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

fwCoercivityType

Specifies the form write modes supported by this device, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYNOTSUPP	This device cannot write the magnetic stripe.
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYLOW	This device can write the magnetic stripe by
	low coercivity mode.
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYHIGH	This device can write the magnetic stripe by
	high coercivity mode.
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYAUTO	The Service Provider or the device is capable
	of automatically determining whether low or
	high coercivity magnetic stripe should be
	written.

fwControlPassbook

Specifies how the passbook can be controlled with the

WFS CMD PTR CONTROL PASSBOOK command, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLNOTSUPP	The device is not capable of turning multiple pages of the passbook or closing the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNFORWARD	The device can turn forward multiple pages of the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNBACKWARD	The device can turn backward multiple pages of the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD	The device can close the passbook forward.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEBACKWARD	The device can close the passbook backward.

wPrintSides

Specifies on which sides of the media this device can print as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESNOTSUPP	The device is not capable of printing on any sides of the media.
WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESSINGLE	The device is capable of printing on one side of the media.
WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESDUAL	The device is capable of printing on two sides of the media.

bAntiFraudModule

Specifies whether the anti-fraud module is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

dwControlEx

Specifies the manner in which media can be controlled, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported). For backwards compatibility the *fwControl* field is preserved. The definitions for the *fwControl* field are included as this field supersedes the *fwControl* field.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Device can eject media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE	Device can perforate media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT	Device can cut media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP	Device can skip to mark.

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WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH Device can be sent data that is buffered

internally, and flushed to the printer on

request.

WFS PTR CTRLRETRACT Device can retract media under application

control.

WFS PTR CTRLSTACK Device can stack media items before ejecting

as a bundle.

WFS PTR CTRLPARTIALCUT Device can partially cut the media.

WFS PTR CTRLALARM Device can ring a bell, beep or otherwise

sound an audible alarm.

WFS PTR CTRLATPFORWARD Capability to turn one page forward. WFS PTR CTRLATPBACKWARD Capability to turn one page backward. WFS PTR CTRLTURNMEDIA Device can turn inserted media. WFS PTR CTRLSTAMP Device can stamp on media.

WFS PTR CTRLPARK Device can park a document into the parking

station.

WFS PTR CTRLEXPEL Device can expel media out of the exit slot. WFS PTR CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT

Device can move media to a position on the

transport just behind the exit slot. WFS PTR CTRLROTATE180 Device can rotate media 180 degrees in the

printing plane.

WFS PTR CTRLCLEARBUFFER The Service Provider can clear buffered data.

bBlackMarkModeSupported

Specifies if setting the black mark mode with the command

WFS CMD PTR SET BLACK MARK MODE is supported. This can either be TRUE if supported or FALSE if not supported.

lpdwSvnchronizableCommands

Comments

Pointer to a zero-terminated list of DWORDs which contains the execute command IDs that can be synchronized. If no execute command can be synchronized then this parameter will be NULL.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter

may not be device or vendor-independent.

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7.3 WFS_INF_PTR_FORM_LIST

Description This command is used to retrieve the list of forms available on the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPSTR lpszFormList;

lpszFormList

Pointer to a list of null-terminated form names, with the final name terminating with two null

characters.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

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7.4 WFS_INF_PTR_MEDIA_LIST

Description This command is used to retrieve the list of media definitions available on the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPSTR lpszMediaList;

lpszMediaList

Pointer to a list of null-terminated media names, with the final name terminating with two null

characters.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

7.5 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified form.

Input Param LPSTR lpszFormName;

lpszFormName

Points to the null-terminated form name on which to retrieve details.

Output Param LPWFSFRMHEADER lpHeader;

```
typedef struct _wfs_frm_header
     LPSTR
                            lpszFormName;
     WORD
                            wBase;
     WORD
                            wUnitX;
                            wUnitY;
     WORD
     WORD
                            wWidth;
     WORD
                            wHeight;
     WORD
                            wAlignment;
                            wOrientation;
     WORD
     WORD
                            wOffsetX;
     WORD
                            wOffsetY;
     WORD
                            wVersionMajor;
                            wVersionMinor;
     WORD
     LPSTR
                            lpszUserPrompt;
     WORD
                            fwCharSupport;
                            lpszFields;
     LPSTR
                            wLanguageID;
     } WFSFRMHEADER, *LPWFSFRMHEADER;
```

lpszFormName

Specifies the null-terminated name of the form.

wBase

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the form and can be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

wUnitY

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm.

wWidth

Specifies the width of the form in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wHeiohi

Specifies the height of the form in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wAlignment

Specifies the relative alignment of the form on the media and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_TOPLEFT	The form is aligned relative to the top and
	left edges of the media.
WFS_FRM_TOPRIGHT	The form is aligned relative to the top and
	right edges of the media.
WFS_FRM_BOTTOMLEFT	The form is aligned relative to the bottom
	and left edges of the media.

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WFS_FRM_BOTTOMRIGHT

The form is aligned relative to the bottom and right edges of the media.

wOrientation

Specifies the orientation of the form and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_PORTRAIT	The orientation of the form is portrait.
WFS FRM LANDSCAPE	The orientation of the form is landscape.

wOffsetX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the position of the top-left corner of the form, relative to the left or right edge specified by *wAlignment*. This value is specified in terms of the base horizontal resolution and is always positive.

wOffsetY

Specifies the vertical offset of the position of the top-left corner of the form, relative to the top or bottom edge specified by *wAlignment*. This value is specified in terms of the base vertical resolution and is always positive.

wVersionMajor

Specifies the major version of the form. If the version is not specified in the form, then zero is returned.

wVersionMinor

Specifies the minor version of the form. If the version is not specified in the form, then zero is returned.

lpszUserPrompt

Pointer to a null-terminated user prompt string. NULL will be returned if the form does not define a value for the user prompt.

fwCharSupport

A single flag specifying the Character Set in which the form is encoded:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ASCII	ASCII is supported for XFS forms initial
	data values and FORMAT strings.
WFS_PTR_UNICODE	UNICODE is supported for XFS forms
	initial data values and FORMAT strings.

lpszFields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

wLanguageID

Specifies the language identifier for the form.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form is invalid.

Comments

None.

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7.6 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_MEDIA

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified media.

Input Param LPSTR lpszMediaName;

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name about which to retrieve details.

Output Param LPWFSFRMMEDIA lpMedia;

```
typedef struct _wfs_frm_media
     WORD
                           fwMediaType;
     WORD
                           wBase;
     WORD
                           wUnitX;
     WORD
                           wUnitY;
     WORD
                           wSizeWidth;
     WORD
                           wSizeHeight;
     WORD
                           wPageCount;
                           wLineCount;
     WORD
     WORD
                           wPrintAreaX;
     WORD
                           wPrintAreaY;
     WORD
                           wPrintAreaWidth;
     WORD
                           wPrintAreaHeight;
     WORD
                           wRestrictedAreaX;
     WORD
                           wRestrictedAreaY;
     WORD
                           wRestrictedAreaWidth;
     WORD
                           wRestrictedAreaHeight;
     WORD
                           wStagger;
                           wFoldType;
     WORD
     WORD
                            wPaperSources;
     } WFSFRMMEDIA, *LPWFSFRMMEDIA;
```

fwMediaType

Specifies the type of media as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_MEDIAGENERIC	The media is a generic media, i.e. a single
	sheet.
WFS FRM MEDIAPASSBOOK	The media is a passbook media.
WFS_FRM_MEDIAMULTIPART	The media is a multi part media.

wBase

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the form and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

wUnitY

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm.

wSizeWidth

Specifies the width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wSizeHeight

Specifies the height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wPageCount

Specifies the number of pages in a media of type WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK.

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wLineCount

Specifies the number of lines on a page for a media of type WFS FRM MEDIAPASSBOOK.

wPrintAreaX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the printable area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wPrintAreaY

Specifies the vertical offset of the printable area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wPrintAreaWidth

Specifies the printable area width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wPrintAreaHeight

Specifies the printable area height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wRestrictedAreaX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the restricted area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wRestrictedAreaY

Specifies the vertical offset of the restricted area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wRestrictedAreaWidth

Specifies the restricted area width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wRestrictedAreaHeight

Specifies the restricted area height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wStaggei

Specifies the staggering from the top in terms of the base vertical resolution for a media of type WFS FRM MEDIAPASSBOOK.

wFoldTvpe

Specified the type of fold (vertical, horizontal or none) for a media of type

WFS FRM MEDIAPASSBOOK as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_FOLDNONE	Passbook has no fold.
WFS_FRM_FOLDHORIZONTAL	Passbook has a horizontal fold.
WFS FRM FOLDVERTICAL	Passbook has a vertical fold.

wPaperSources

Specifies the Paper sources to use when printing forms using this media as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Use any paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only or the upper paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be
	found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.

Comments

None.

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WFS INF PTR QUERY FIELD

Description

This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a single or all fields on a specified

Input Param

LPWFSPTRQUERYFIELD lpQueryField;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr query field
     {
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormName;
     LPSTR
                          lpszFieldName;
     } WFSPTROUERYFIELD, *LPWFSPTROUERYFIELD;
```

lpszFormName

Pointer to the null-terminated form name.

lpszFieldName

Pointer to the null-terminated name of the field about which to retrieve details. If the value of lpszFieldName is NULL, then details are retrieved for all fields on the form. Depending upon whether the form is encoded in UNICODE representation either the *lpszInitialValue* or lpszUNICODEInitialValue output fields are used to retrieve the field Initial Value.

Output Param LPWFSFRMFIELD *lppFields;

lppFields

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSFRMFIELD structures:

```
typedef struct wfs frm field
     LPSTR
                           lpszFieldName;
     WORD
                           wIndexCount;
     WORD
                           fwType;
     WORD
                            fwClass;
     WORD
                           fwAccess;
                            fwOverflow;
     WORD
     LPSTR
                            lpszInitialValue;
                           lpszUNICODEInitialValue;
     LPWSTR
     LPSTR
                            lpszFormat;
                            lpszUNICODEFormat;
     LPWSTR
     WORD
                           wLanguageID;
     WORD
                            wCoercivity;
     } WFSFRMFIELD, *LPWFSFRMFIELD;
```

lpszFieldName

Pointer to the null-terminated field name.

Specifies the number of entries for an index field. A value of zero indicates that this field is not an index field. Index fields are typically used to present information in a tabular fashion.

Specifies the type of field and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_FIELDTEXT	The field is a text field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDMICR	The field is a Magnetic Ink Character
	Recognition field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDOCR	The field is an Optical Character
	Recognition field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDMSF	The field is a Magnetic Stripe Facility field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDBARCODE	The field is a Barcode field.
WFS_FRM_FIELDGRAPHIC	The field is a Graphic field.
WFS FRM FIELDPAGEMARK	The field is a Page Mark field.

fwClass

Specifies the class of the field and can be one of the following values:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_CLASSSTATIC	The field data cannot be set by the
	application.
WFS_FRM_CLASSOPTIONAL	The field data can be set by the application.
WFS_FRM_CLASSREQUIRED	The field data must be set by the application.

fwAccess

Specifies whether the field is to be used for input, output, or both and can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_ACCESSREAD	The field is used for input.
WFS_FRM_ACCESSWRITE	The field is used for output.

fwOverflow

Specifies how an overflow of field data should be handled and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_OVFTERMINATE	Return an error and terminate printing of the
	form.
WFS_FRM_OVFTRUNCATE	Truncate the field data to fit in the field.
WFS_FRM_OVFBESTFIT	Fit the text in the field.
WFS_FRM_OVFOVERWRITE	Print the field data beyond the extents of the
	field boundary.
WFS_FRM_OVFWORDWRAP	If the field can hold more than one line the
	text is wrapped around. Wrapping is
	performed, where possible, by splitting the
	line on a space character or a hyphen
	character or any other character which is
	used to join two words together.

lpszInitialValue

The initial value of the field. When the form is printed (using WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM), this value will be used if another value is not provided. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is encoded in UNICODE.

lpszUNICODEInitialValue

The initial value of the field when form is encoded in UNICODE. When the form is printed (using WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM), this value will be used if another value is not provided. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is not encoded in UNICODE.

lpszFormat

Format string as defined in the form for this field. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is encoded in UNICODE.

lpszUNICODEFormat

Format string as defined in the form for this field when form is encoded in UNICODE. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is not encoded in UNICODE.

wLanguageID

Specifies the language identifier for the field.

wCoercivity

Specifies the coercivity to be used for writing the magnetic stripe.

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYAUTO	The coercivity is decided by the Service
	Provider or the hardware.
WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYLOW	A low coercivity is to be used for writing the
	magnetic stripe.
WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYHIGH	A high coercivity is to be used for writing
	the magnetic stripe.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

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Meaning
The specified form cannot be found.
The specified field cannot be found.
The specified form is invalid.
The specified field is invalid.

Comments None.

WFS INF PTR CODELINE MAPPING

Description

This command is used to retrieve the byte code mapping for the special banking symbols defined for image processing (e.g. check processing). This mapping must be reported as there is no standard for the fonts defined below.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING lpCodelineMapping;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr codeline mapping
     WORD
                          wCodelineFormat;
     } WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING;
```

wCodeLineFormat

Specifies the code-line format that the mapping for the special characters is required for. This field can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	Report the CMC7 mapping.
WFS PTR CODELINEE13B	Report the E13B mapping.

Output Param LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT lpCodelineMapping;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_codeline_mapping_out
     {
     WORD
                          wCodelineFormat:
     LPWFSPTRXDATA
                          lpxCharMapping;
     } WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT;
```

wCodeLineFormat

Specifies the code-line format that is being reported.

lpxCharMapping

Defines the mapping of the font specific symbols to byte values. These byte values are used to represent the font specific characters when the code line is read through the

WFS CMD PTR READ_IMAGE command. The font specific meaning of each index is defined in the following tables:

E13B

	Index	0	1	2	3	4	
	Symbol that byte value represents	1:	r ^{it}	"	m	N/A	
	Meaning	Transit	Amount	On Us	Dash	Reject / Unreadable	
CN	IC7						
	Index	0	1	2	3	4	5
	Symbol	JIMI.	ud	!!!!	#11	1 9 1;	N/A
	Meaning	S1 - Start of Bank Account	S2 - Start of the Amount field	S3 - Terminate Routing	S4 - Unused	S5 - Transit / Routing	Reject / Unreadable

Error Codes

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

None.

8. Execute Commands

8.1 WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA

Description This command is used to control a form drawn in by the device (e.g. after reading or in case of

termination of an application request).

If an eject operation is specified, it completes when the media is moved to the exit slot. A service event is generated when the media has been taken by the user (only if field *bMediaTaken* defined in structure WFSPTRCAPS is equal to TRUE).

Input Param LPDWORD lpdwMediaControl;

lpdwMediaControl

Pointer to a value which specifies the manner in which the media should be handled, as a combination of the following bit-flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Flush any data to the printer that has not yet been printed from previous WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM or
	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE commands, then eject the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE	Flush data as above, then perforate the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT	Flush data as above, then cut the media. For printers which have the ability to stack multiple cut sheets and deliver them as a single bundle to the customer, cut causes the media to be stacked and eject causes the bundle to be moved to the exit slot.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP	Flush data as above, then skip the media to mark.
WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH	Flush any data to the printer that has not yet been physically printed from previous WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM or
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE commands. This will synchronize the application with the device to ensure that all data has been physically printed. Flush data as above, then retract the media to retract bin number one, for devices with more than one bin the command WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA
	should be used if the media should be retracted to another bin than bin number one.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK	Flush data as above, then move the media item on the internal stacker.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT	Flush the data as above, then partially cut the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM	Cause the printer to ring a bell, beep, or otherwise sound an audible alarm.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD	Flush the data as above, then turn one page
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD	forward. Flush the data as above, then turn one page backward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLTURNMEDIA	Flush the data as above, then turn inserted media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP	Flush the data as above, then stamp on inserted media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK	Park the media in the parking station.

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WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL Flush the data as above, then throw the media out of the exit slot. WFS PTR CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT Flush the data as above, then move the media to a position on the transport just behind the exit slot. WFS PTR CTRLROTATE180 Flush the data as above, then rotate media 180 degrees in the printing plane. WFS PTR CTRLCLEARBUFFER Clear any data that has not yet been physically printed from previous WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM or WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE commands.

It is not possible to combine the flags WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT, WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT, WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK, WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL and WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT with each other otherwise the command completes with WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA.

It is not possible to combine the flag WFS_PTR_CTRLCLEARBUFFER with any other flags, otherwise the command completes with WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA.

An application should be aware that the sequence of the actions is not guaranteed if more than one flag is specified in this parameter.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

generated by this command:	
Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	The control action could not be completed because there is no media in the device, the media is not in a position where it can be controlled, or (in the case of WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT) has been removed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL	The device was not able to flush data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS ERR PTR PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS ERR PTR PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS ERR PTR PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and the parking station is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has been printed.

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WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED

Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOL	
	The retract bin is high or full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the
	bin becomes high or full. It is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH or WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL status.
WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status. The stamping ink supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTE	

Comments None.

8.2 WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM

Description

This command is used to print a form by merging the supplied variable field data with the defined form and field data specified in the form. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted from the external paper source.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM lpPrintForm;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr print form
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormName;
     LPSTR
                           lpszMediaName;
     WORD
                           wAlianment;
     WORD
                           wOffsetX;
                           wOffsetY;
     WORD
                           wResolution;
     WORD
     DWORD
                           dwMediaControl;
     LPSTR
                           lpszFields;
                           lpszUNICODEFields;
     LPWSTR
     WORD
                           wPaperSource;
     } WFSPTRPRINTFORM, *LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM;
```

lpszFormName

Pointer to the null-terminated form name.

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name. *lpszMediaName* is NULL if no media definition applies.

wAlignment

Specifies the alignment of the form on the physical media, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ALNUSEFORMDEFN	Use the alignment specified in the form
	definition.
WFS_PTR_ALNTOPLEFT	Align form to top left of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNTOPRIGHT	Align form to top right of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMLEFT	Align form to bottom left of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMRIGHT	Align form to bottom right of physical
	media.

wOffsetX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the form, relative to the horizontal alignment specified in *wAlignment*, in horizontal resolution units (from form definition); always a positive number (i.e. if aligned to the right side of the media, means offset the form to the left). A value of WFS_PTR_OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN indicates that the *xoffset* value from the form definition should be used.

wOffsetY

Specifies the vertical offset of the form, relative to the vertical alignment specified in *wAlignment*, in vertical resolution units (from form definition); always a positive number (i.e. if aligned to the bottom of the media, means offset the form upward). A value of

WFS_PTR_OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN indicates that the *yoffset* value from the form definition should be used.

wResolution

Specifies the resolution in which to print the form. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RESLOW	Print form with low resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESMED	Print form with medium resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	Print form with high resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	Print form with very high resolution.

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dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after the printing is done, as a combination of the flags described under WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA. A zero value of this parameter means to do none of these actions, as when printing multiple forms on a single page. When zero is specified and the device does not support the WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH capability, the data will be printed immediately. If the device supports WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH, the data may be buffered and the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command should be used to synchronize the application with the device to ensure that all data has been physically printed. WFS_PTR_CTRLCLEARBUFFER is not applicable to this command, in this case WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA will be returned.

lpszFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

lpszUNICODEFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" UNICODE strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

The *lpszUNICODEFields* field should only be used if the form is encoded in UNICODE representation. This can be determined with the WFS INF PTR QUERY FORM command.

wPaperSource

Specifies the Paper source to use when printing this form. When the value is zero, then the paper source is determined from the media definition. This parameter is ignored if there is already paper in the print position. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Any paper source can be used; it is
	determined by the service.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source (such as
	envelope tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form definition cannot be
	found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL	The device was not able to flush data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAOVERFLOW	The form overflowed the media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE	The syntax of the <i>lpszFields</i> member is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR	An error occurred while processing a field, causing termination of the print request. An execute event
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR is posted with the details.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid.

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WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASKEWED	The media skew exceeded the limit in the
WEC EDD DTD DETDACTDINELII I	form definition. The retract bin is full. No more media can be
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_CHARSETDATA	Character set(s) supported by Service Provider is inconsistent with use of <i>lpszFields</i> or <i>lpszUNICODEFields</i> fields.
WFS ERR PTR PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS ERR PTR PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. dwMediaControl = WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and park position is here)
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID	is busy). The selected paper source is not supported by the hardware.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and the media remains inside the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase and no data has been printed. The WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED execute event is posted with the details. The
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	device is still operational. Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MSFERROR	An error occurred while writing the magnetic stripe data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMSF	No magnetic stripe data. No magnetic stripe found; media may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1].	•

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR	A fatal error occurred while processing a
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING	field. A non-fatal error occurred while processing a field

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WFS USRE PTR RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN

WFS USRE PTR PAPERTHRESHOLD

The retract bin is full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes

full. It is sent with

WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status. The media has been taken by the user.

The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with

WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.

WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD The toner or ink supply is low or empty or

the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS PTR TONERLOW or

WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.

WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD The stamping ink supply is low or empty;

operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS PTR INKLOW or

WFS PTR INKOUT status.

WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED Media has been presented for removal. See

section 11 for further details.

WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED The media has been rejected and presented

back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event

will be sent.

WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments

All error codes (except WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT) and events listed under the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command description can also occur on this command.

An invalid field name is treated as a WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING event with WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND status. A WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING event is returned with WFS_PTR_FIELDOVERFLOW status if the data overflows the field, and the field definition OVERFLOW value is TRUNCATE, BESTFIT, OVERWRITE or WORDWRAP. Other field-related problems generate a field error return and event.

The application will use *lpszFields* or *lpszUNICODEFields* as an input parameter, depending upon the Service Provider capabilities. Legacy (non-UNICODE aware) applications will only use the *lpszFields* field. UNICODE applications can use either the *lpszFields* or *lpszUNICODEFields* fields, provided the Service Provider is UNICODE compliant.

WFS CMD PTR READ FORM

Description

This command is used to read data from input fields on the specified form. These input fields may consist of MICR, OCR, MSF, BARCODE, or PAGEMARK input fields. These input fields may also consist of TEXT fields for purposes of detecting available passbook print lines with passbook printers supporting such capability. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the dwTimeOut parameter in the WFSExecute call for media to be inserted.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRREADFORM lpReadForm;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr read form
     LPSTR
                           lpszFormName;
     LPSTR
                          lpszFieldNames;
     LPSTR
                          lpszMediaName;
     DWORD
                           dwMediaControl;
     } WFSPTRREADFORM, *LPWFSPTRREADFORM;
```

Pointer to the null-terminated name of the form.

lpszFieldNames

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names from which to read input data, with the final name terminating with two null characters. If this value is NULL, then read data from all input fields on the form.

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name. *lpszMediaName* is NULL if no media definition

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after the reading was done and can be a combination of the flags described under WFS CMD PTR CONTROL MEDIA. WFS PTR CTRLCLEARBUFFER is not applicable to this command, in this case WFS ERR INVALID DATA will be returned.

Output Param LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT lpReadFormOut;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr read form out
     {
                          lpszFields;
                          lpszUNICODEFields;
     LPWSTR
     } WFSPTRREADFORMOUT, *LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT;
```

lpszFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

lpszUNICODEFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" UNICODE strings, where each string is nullterminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_READNOTSUPPORTED	The device has no read capability.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE	The syntax of the <i>lpszFieldNames</i> member is
	invalid.

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WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR	An error occurred while processing a field, causing termination of the print request. An execute event WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR is posted with the details.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASKEWED	The media skew exceeded the limit in the form definition.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command
	sequence (e.g. dwMediaControl = WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and park position is busy).
WFS ERR PTR MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase. The
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED execute event is posted with the details. The
WEG EDD DED MGEEDDOD	device is still operational.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MSFERROR	The MSF read operation specified by the forms definition could not be completed
	forms definition could not be completed successfully due to invalid magnetic stripe data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMSF	No magnetic stripe found; media may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong
	way.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS EXEE PTR NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR	A fatal error occurred while processing a
	field.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING	A non-fatal error occurred while processing
	a field.
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	LD
	The retract bin is full; operator intervention
	is required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the bin becomes
	full. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	The stamping ink supply is low or empty;
	operator intervention is required. Note that
	this event is sent only once, at the point at
	which the supply becomes low or empty. It
	is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or
	WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.

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WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD The imaging lamp is fading or inoperative;

operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the threshold is reached. It is sent with

WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING or WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP status.

WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED The media has been rejected and presented

back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event

will be sent.

Comments

All error codes (except WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT) and events listed under the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command description can also occur on this command.

The application will use *lpszFieldNames* as an input parameter. The Service Provider will return the data in *lpszUNICODEFields* or *lpszFields* depending on the capabilities of the Service Provider and form definition.

For passbook usage of the *lpszFields* and *lpszUNICODEFields* fields the following applies:

If the media type is PASSBOOK, and the field(s) type is TEXT, and the Service Provider and the underlying passbook printer are capable of detecting available passbook print lines, then the field(s) will be returned without a value, in the format "<FieldName>" or "<FieldName>[<index>]", if the field is available for passbook printing. Field(s) unavailable for passbook printing will not be returned. The Service Provider will examine the passbook text field(s) supplied in the *lpszFieldNames* string, and with the form/fields definition and the underlying passbook printer capability determine which fields should be available for passbook printing.

To illustrate when media type is PASSBOOK, if a form named PSBKTST1 contains 24 fields, one field per line, and the field names are LINE1 through LINE24 (same order as printing), and after execution of this command *lpszFields* contains fields LINE13 through LINE24, then the first print line available for passbook printing is line 13.

To illustrate another example when media type is PASSBOOK, if a form named PSBKTST2 contains 24 fields, one field per line, and the field names are LINE1 through LINE24 (same order as printing), and after execution of this command *lpszFields* contains fields LINE13, and LINE20 through LINE24 then the first print line available for passbook printing is line 13, however lines 14-19 are <u>not</u> also available, so if the application is attempting to determine the first available print line after which all subsequent print lines are also available then line 20 is a better choice.

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WFS CMD PTR RAW DATA

Description

This command is used to send raw data (a byte string of device dependent data) to the physical

device.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRRAWDATA lpRawData;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr raw data
     WORD
                          wInputData;
     ULONG
                          ulSize;
     LPBYTE
                          lpbData;
     } WFSPTRRAWDATA, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATA;
```

Specifies that input data from the device is expected in response to sending the raw data (i.e. the data contains a command requesting data). Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_NOINPUTDATA	No input data is expected.
WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA	Input data is expected.

ulSize

Specifies the size of the byte string passed to the device.

Points to the byte string holding the device dependent data.

Output Param LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN lpRawDataIn;

[used only if wInputData is set to WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA]

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data_in
     ULONG
                           ulSize;
     LPBYTE
                           lpbData;
     } WFSPTRRAWDATAIN, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN;
```

Specifies the size of the byte string received from the device.

lpbData

Points to the byte string received from the device.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Meaning
Open or close of the shutter failed due to
manipulation or hardware error.
The media is jammed.
The paper is jammed.
The paper supply is empty.
Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
Media has been retracted in attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.
Black mark detection has failed, nothing has been printed.
Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

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Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	LD
	The retract bin is full or high; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	bin becomes full or high. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or
WEG LIGHE BED TO VENERALIDE GLIOLE	WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or
	the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or
	not sufficient; operator intervention is
	required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the supply
	becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or
WEG EVEE DTD MEDIADDECENTED	WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status. Media has been presented for removal. See
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	section 11 for further details.
WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAAUTORETRACTE	
WIS_SKVL_IIK_WEDIAAOTOKETKACII	The presented media has been automatically
	retracted.
onlications which send raw data to a device will t	typically not be device or vendor independent

Comments

Applications which send raw data to a device will typically not be device or vendor independent. Problems with the use of this command include:

- 1. The data sent to the device can include commands that change the state of the device in unpredictable ways (in particular, in ways that the Service Provider may not be aware of).
- 2. Usage of this command will not be portable.
- 3. This command violates the XFS forms model that is the basis of XFS printer access.

Thus usage of this command should be avoided whenever possible. If it is used, the usage should be carefully isolated from all other XFS access to the service by at least the **WFSLock** and **WFSUnlock** commands.

WFS CMD PTR MEDIA EXTENTS

Description

This command is used to get the extents of the media inserted in the physical device. The input parameter specifies the base unit and fractions in which the media extent values will be returned. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the dwTimeOut parameter in the WFSExecute call for media to be inserted.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT lpMediaUnit;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr media unit
     WORD
                           wBase:
     WORD
                           wUnitX;
     WORD
                           wUnitY:
     } WFSPTRMEDIAUNIT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT;
```

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the media and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS FRM ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the wBase value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS FRM INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the wBase value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS FRM MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm.

Output Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT lpMediaExt;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr media ext
     {
     ULONG
                           ulSizeX;
     ULONG
                           ulSizeY:
     } WFSPTRMEDIAEXT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT;
```

Specifies the width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

Specifies the height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_EXTENTNOTSUPPORTED	The device cannot report extent(s).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and
	the media remains inside the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion
	phase. The
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The
	device is still operational.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.

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WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED The media has been rejected and presented

back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN event

will be sent.

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN The media has been taken by the user.

Comments None.

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8.6 WFS CMD PTR RESET COUNT

Description This function resets the present value for number of media items retracted to zero. The function is

possible only for printers with retract capability.

The number of media items retracted is controlled by the service and can be requested before

resetting via the info command WFS INF PTR STATUS.

Input Param LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber;

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of the retract bin for which the retract count should be reset to zero. This number has to be between one and the number of bins on the device. If this pointer is NULL all

bins will be set to zero.

Output Param None.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

Value Meaning

WFS USRE PTR RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

The status of the retract bin has changed from high or full to a good state. The event is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK

status.

Comments None.

8.7 WFS CMD PTR READ IMAGE

Description

This function returns image data from the current media. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST lpImageRequest;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr image request
     WORD
                           wFrontImageType;
     WORD
                           wBackImageType;
     WORD
                           wFrontImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           wBackImageColorFormat;
     WORD
                           wCodelineFormat;
     WORD
                           fwImageSource;
     LPSTR
                           lpszFrontImageFile;
     LPSTR
                           lpszBackImageFile;
     } WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST, *LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST;
```

wFrontImageType

Specifies the format of the front image returned by this command as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The returned image is in TIF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The returned image is in WMF (Windows
	Metafile) format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	The returned image is in BMP format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	The returned image is in JPG format.

wBackImageType

Specifies the format of the back image returned by this command as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The returned image is in TIF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The returned image is in WMF (Windows
	Metafile) format.
WFS PTR IMAGEBMP	The returned image is in BMP format.
WFS PTR IMAGEJPG	The returned image is in JPG format.

wFrontImageColorFormat

Specifies the color format of the requested front image as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The scanned images has to be returned in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors black and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The scanned images has to be returned in
	gray scale (image contains multiple gray
	colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The scanned images has to be returned in
	full color (image contains colors like red,
	green, blue etc.).

wBackImageColorFormat

Specifies the color format of the requested back image as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The scanned images has to be returned in binary (image contains two colors, usually the colors black and white).

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WFS PTR IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE The scanned images has to be returned in

gray scale (image contains multiple gray

colors).

WFS PTR IMAGECOLORFULL The scanned images has to be returned in

full color (image contains colors like red,

green, blue etc.).

wCodelineFormat

Specifies the code line (MICR data) format, as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	Read CMC7 code line.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	Read E13B code line.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR	Read code line using OCR.

fwImageSource

Specifies the source as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The front image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The back image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The code line of the document is requested.

lpszFrontImageFile

File specifying where to store the front image, e.g. "C:\Temp\FrontImage.bmp". If a NULL pointer is supplied then the front image data will be returned in the output parameter. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters.

To reduce the size of data sent between the Application and the Service Provider it is recommended to make use of this parameter.

lpszBackImageFile

File specifying where to store the back image, e.g. "C:\Temp\BackImage.bmp". If a NULL pointer is supplied then the back image data will be returned in the output structure. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters.

To reduce the size of data sent between the application and the Service Provider it is recommended to make use of this parameter.

Output Param LPWFSPTRIMAGE *lppImage;

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPTRIMAGE structures, one array element for each image source requested.

```
typedef struct wfs ptr image
     WORD
                           wImageSource;
     WORD
                           wStatus;
     ULONG
                           ulDataLength;
                           lpbData;
     } WFSPTRIMAGE, *LPWFSPTRIMAGE;
```

wImageSource

Specifies the source of the data returned by this command as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The front image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The back image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The code line of the document is requested.

Status of reading the image data. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DATAOK	The data is OK.

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WFS_PTR_DATASRCNOTSUPP

The data source to read from is not supported by the Service Provider.

WFS_PTR_DATASRCMISSING

The data source to read from is missing, e.g. the Service Provider is unable to get the code line.

ulDataLength

Count of bytes of the following *lpbData*. Zero if the image source is WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT or WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK and the image data has been stored to the hard disk (file name provided).

lpbData

Points to the image or codeline data. NULL pointer if the image source is WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT or WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK and the image data has been stored to the hard disk (file name provided).

If the image source is WFS_PTR_CODELINE, *lpbData* contains characters in the ASCII range. If the code line was read using the OCR-A font then the ASCII codes will conform to Figure E1 in ANSI X3.17-1981. If the code line was read using the OCR-B font then the ASCII codes will conform to Figure C2 in ANSI X3.49-1975. In both these cases unrecognized characters will be reported as the REJECT code, 0x1A. The E13B and CMC7 fonts use the ASCII equivalents for the standard characters and use the byte values as reported by the

WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING command for the symbols that are unique to MICR fonts.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILE_IO_ERROR	Directory does not exist or a File IO error occurred while storing the image to the hard disk.
WFS ERR PTR LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and
	the media remains inside the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase. The
	WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The
	device is still operational.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	The imaging lamp is fading or inoperative; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the threshold is reached. It is sent with WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING or WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP status.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media has been rejected and presented back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event will be sent.

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WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments

If the returned image data is in Windows bitmap format (BMP) and a file path for storing the image is not supplied, then the first byte of data will be the start of the Bitmap Info Header (this bitmap format is known as DIB, Device Independent Bitmap). The Bitmap File Info Header, which is only present in file versions of bitmaps, will NOT be returned. If the returned image data is in bitmap format (BMP) and a file path for storing the image is supplied, then the first byte of data in the stored file will be the Bitmap File Info Header.

8.8 WFS CMD PTR RESET

Description

This command is used by the application to perform a hardware reset which will attempt to return the PTR device to a known good state. This command does not over-ride a lock obtained on another application or service handle.

The device will attempt to retract or eject any items found anywhere within the device. This may not always be possible because of hardware problems. The

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED event will inform the application where items were actually moved to.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRRESET lpReset;

Specifies where media should be moved to that is found in the device. If the application does not wish to specify a position it can set *lpReset* to NULL. In this case the Service Provider will determine where to move any items found.

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled, as one of the following bit-flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Eject the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Retract the media to retract bin as specified
	in usRetractBinNumber.
WFS PTR CTRLEXPEL	Throw the media out of the exit slot.

usRetractBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media is retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. It is only relevant if *dwMediaControl* equals WFS PTR CTRLRETRACT.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full; no more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED	A media is detected in the device during a
	reset operation.
WFS USRE PTR RETRACTBINTHRESH	HOLD
	The retract bin is full or high; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	bin becomes full or high. It is sent with
	WFS PTR RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS PTR RETRACTBINHIGH status.

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WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

The presented media has been automatically

retracted.

WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED Media has been presented for removal. See

section 11 for further details.

Comments This command is used by an application control program to cause a device to reset itself to a

known good condition.

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WFS CMD PTR RETRACT MEDIA

Description The media is removed from its present position (media inserted into device, media entering,

> unknown position) and stored in one of the retract bins. An event is sent if the storage capacity of the specified retract bin is reached. If the bin is already full and the command cannot be executed,

an error is returned and the media remains in its present position.

Input Param LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber;

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of one of the retract bins. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. If *lpusBinNumber* points to a zero value, the media will be retracted to the transport. After it has been retracted to the transport, in a subsequent operation

the media can be ejected again, or retracted to one of the retract bins.

Output Param LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber:

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of the retract bin where the media has actually been deposited.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	No media present on retract. Either there was no media present (in a position to be retracted from) when the command was called or the media was removed during the retract.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full; no more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOL	LD
	The retract bin is full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes full. It is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.

Comments

If a retract request is received for a device with no retract capability, the

WFS ERR UNSUPP COMMAND error is returned.

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8.10 WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER

Description This command is used to move paper (which can also be a new passbook) from a paper source

into the print position.

Input Param LPWORD lpwPaperSource;

lpwPaperSource

Pointer to the paper source to dispense from. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Any paper source can be used; it is
	determined by the service.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station paper source.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. there is already media in the print position).
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported by the hardware.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See
WFS SRVE PTR MEDIAAUTORETRACTE	section 11 for further details. D
	The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments None.

8.11 WFS CMD PTR SET GUIDANCE LIGHT

Description

This command is used to set the status of the PTR guidance lights. This includes defining the flash rate, the color and the direction. When an application tries to use a color or direction that is not supported then the Service Provider will return the generic error WFS ERR UNSUPP DATA.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT lpSetGuidLight;

wGuidLight

Specifies the index of the guidance light to set as one of the values defined within the capabilities section.

dwCommand

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, optionally one type C, and optionally one type D. If no value of type C is specified then the default color is used. The Service Provider determines which color is used as the default color.

Value	Meaning	Type
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light indicator is turned off.	A
WFS PTR GUIDANCE SLOW FLASH	The light indicator is set to	В
	flash slowly.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light indicator is set to	В
	flash medium frequency.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light indicator is set to	В
	flash quickly.	
WFS PTR GUIDANCE CONTINUOUS	The light indicator is turned	В
	on continuously (steady).	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED	The light indicator	C
	color is set to red.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light indicator	C
	color is set to green.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light indicator	C
	color is set to yellow.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light indicator	C
	color is set to blue.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light indicator	C
	color is set to cyan.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light indicator	C
	color is set to magenta.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light indicator	C
	color is set to white.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light indicator is set	D
	to the entry state.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light indicator is set	D
	to the exit state.	

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_INVALID_PORT	An attempt to set a guidance light to a new value was invalid because the guidance light does not exist.

Events

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

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Comments

Guidance light support was added into the PTR primarily to support guidance lights for workstations where more than one instance of a PTR is present. The original SIU guidance light mechanism was not able to manage guidance lights for workstations with multiple PTRs. This command can also be used to set the status of the PTR guidance lights when only one instance of a PTR is present.

The slow and medium flash rates must not be greater than 2.0 Hz. It should be noted that in order to comply with American Disabilities Act guidelines only a slow or medium flash rate must be used.

8.12 WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE

Description

This command is used to print a file that contains a complete print job in the native printer language. This file will have been created through the Windows GDI print sub-system. The contents of this file are printer specific.

If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted from the external paper source.

This command must not complete until all pages have been presented to the customer.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE lpPrintRawFile;

lpszFileName

Pointer to the null-terminated file name. This is the full path and file name of the file to be printed. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters.

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after each page is printed, as a combination of the flags described under WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA. A zero value of this parameter means to do none of these actions, as when printing multiple pages on a single media item. WFS_PTR_CTRLCLEARBUFFER is not applicable to this command, in this case WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA will be returned.

dwPaperSource

Specifies the paper source to use when printing. When the value is zero the Service Provider will determine the paper source that will be used. This parameter is ignored if there is already paper in the print position. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Any paper source can be used; it is
	determined by the service.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source (such as
	envelope tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILENOTFOUND	The specified file cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILE_IO_ERROR	Directory does not exist or a File IO error occurred while processing the file.

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WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	No media is present in the device. The device was not able to flush data. The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS ERR PTR PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and the parking station is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAOVERFLOW	The print request has overflowed the print media (e.g. print on a single sheet printer exceeded one page).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported by the hardware.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase and no data has been printed. The
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED execute event is posted with the details. The device is still operational. Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.

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WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

The retract bin is high or full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes high or full. It is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH or WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL status. The stamping ink supply is low or empty;

WFS USRE PTR INKTHRESHOLD The stamping ink

operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS PTR INKLOW or

WFS PTR INKOUT status.

WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED The media has been rejected and presented

back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event

will be sent.

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

The presented media has been automatically

retracted.

Comments Printing of multiple pages is handled as described in section 11.

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8.13 WFS CMD PTR LOAD DEFINITION

Description

This command is used to load a form (including sub-forms and frames) or media definition into the list of available forms. Once a form or media definition has been loaded through this command it can be used by any of the other form/media definition processing commands. Forms and media definitions loaded through this command are persistently available across re-boots. When a form or media definition is loaded a WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED event is generated to inform applications that a form or media definition has been added or replaced.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRLOADDEFINITION lpLoadDefinition;

lpszFileName

Pointer to the null-terminated file name. This is the full path and file name of the file to be loaded. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters. The file contains the form (including sub-forms and frames) or media definition in text format as described in the section 10 (ASCII or UNICODE). Only one form or media definition can be defined in the file.

bOverwrite

Specifies if an existing form or media definition with the same name is to be replaced. If this flag is TRUE then an existing form or media definition with the same name will be replaced, unless the command fails with an error, where the definition will remain unchanged. If this flag is FALSE this command will fail with an error if the form or media definition already exists.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILENOTFOUND	The specified file cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The form is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The media definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_DEFINITIONEXISTS	The specified form or media definition
	already exists and the bOverwrite flag was
	FALSE.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED	A form or media definition has been loaded;
	an existing definition may have been
	modified by replacement.

Comments

None.

8.14 WFS CMD PTR SUPPLY REPLENISH

Description

After the supplies have been replenished, this command is used to indicate that one or more supplies have been replenished and are expected to be in a healthy state.

Hardware that cannot detect the level of a supply and reports on the supply's status using metrics (or some other means), must assume the supply has been fully replenished after this command is issued. The appropriate threshold event must be broadcast.

Hardware that can detect the level of a supply must update its status based on its sensors, generate a threshold event if appropriate, and succeed the command even if the supply has not been replenished. If it has already detected the level and reported the threshold before this command was issued, the command must succeed and no threshold event is required.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN lpSupplyReplen;

```
typedef struct wfs ptr supply replen
     {
                           fwSupplyReplen;
     } WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN, *LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN;
```

Specifies the supply that was replenished as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERUPPER	The only paper supply or the upper paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERLOWER	The lower paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX	The auxiliary paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX2	The second auxiliary paper supply was
	replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_TONER	The toner supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_INK	The ink supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_LAMP	The imaging lamp was replaced.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the paper supply threshold has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the toner (or ink) supply threshold has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the stamping ink supply threshold has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the imaging lamp threshold has been cleared.

Comments

If any one of the specified supplies is not supported by a Service Provider,

WFS ERR UNSUPP DATA should be returned, and no replenishment actions will be taken by the Service Provider.

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8.15 WFS CMD PTR POWER SAVE CONTROL

Description This command activates or deactivates the power-saving mode.

If the Service Provider receives another execute command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider automatically exits the power saving mode, and executes the requested command. If the Service Provider receives an information command while in power saving mode, the Service Provider will not exit the power saving mode.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL lpPowerSaveControl;

usMaxPowerSaveRecovervTime

Specifies the maximum number of seconds in which the device must be able to return to its normal operating state when exiting power save mode. The device will be set to the highest possible power save mode within this constraint. If *usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime* is set to zero then the device will exit the power saving mode.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_POWERSAVETOOSHORT	The power saving mode has not been
	activated because the device is not able to
	resume from the power saving mode within
	the specified
	usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime value.
WFS_ERR_PTR_POWERSAVEMEDIAPRES	ENT
	The power saving mode has not been activated because media is present inside the device.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS SRVE PTR POWER SAVE CHANGE	The power save recovery time has changed.

Comments

None.

8.16 WFS CMD PTR CONTROL PASSBOOK

Description

This command can turn the pages of a passbook inserted in the printer by a specified number of pages in a specified direction and it can close the passbook. The *fwControlPassbook* field returned by WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES specifies which functionality is supported. This command flushes the data before the pages are turned or the passbook is closed.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK lpControlPassbook;

wAction

Specifies the direction of the page turn as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNFORWARD	Turns forward the pages of the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNBACKWARD	Turns backward the pages of the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD	Close the passbook forward.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEBACKWARD	Close the passbook backward.

usCount

Specifies the number of pages to be turned. In the case where *wAction* is WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD or WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEBACKWARD, this field will be ignored.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	No media present in a position where it
	should be or the media was removed during
	the operation.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed. Operator intervention
	is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PASSBOOKCLOSED	There were fewer pages left than specified to
	turn. As a result of the operation, the
	passbook has been closed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_LASTORFIRSTPAGEREAC	CHED
	The printer cannot close the passbook
	because there were fewer pages left than
	specified to turn. As a result of the operation,
	the last or the first page has been reached
	and is open.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media has an incorrect size.

Events

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

None.

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8.17 WFS_CMD_PTR_SET_BLACK_MARK_MODE

Description This command switches the black mark detection mode and associated functionality on or off.

The black mark detection mode is persistent. If the selected mode is already active this command will complete with WFS SUCCESS. The *bBlackMarkModeSupported* field returned by

WFS INF PTR CAPABILITIES specifies if this functionality is supported.

Input Param LPWFSPTRSETBLACKMARKMODE lpSetBlackMarkMode;

wBlackMarkMode

Specifies the desired black mark detection mode:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_BLACKMARKDETECTIONON	Turns the black mark detection and
	associated functionality on.
WFS_PTR_BLACKMARKDETECTIONOFF	Turns the black mark detection and
	associated functionality off.

Output Param None.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

8.18 WFS CMD PTR SYNCHRONIZE COMMAND

Description

This command is used to reduce response time of a command (e.g. for synchronization with display) as well as to synchronize actions of the different device classes. This command is intended to be used only on hardware which is capable of synchronizing functionality within a single device class or with other device classes.

The list of execute commands which this command supports for synchronization is retrieved in the *lpdwSynchronizableCommands* parameter of the WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES.

This command is optional, i.e., any other command can be called without having to call it in advance. Any preparation that occurs by calling this command will not affect any other subsequent command. However, any subsequent execute command other than the one that was specified in the *dwCommand* input parameter will execute normally and may invalidate the pending synchronization. In this case the application should call the

WFS CMD PTR SYNCHRONIZE COMMAND again in order to start a synchronization.

Input Param

LPWFSPTRSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND lpSynchronizeCommand;

dwCommand

The command ID of the command to be synchronized and executed next.

lpCmdData

Pointer to data or a data structure that represents the parameter that is normally associated with the command that is specified in *dwCommand*. For example, if *dwCommand* is WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA then *lpCmdData* will point to a LPUSHORT. This parameter can be NULL if no command input parameter is needed or if this detail is not needed to synchronize for the command.

It will be device-dependent whether the synchronization is effective or not in the case where the application synchronizes for a command with this command specifying a parameter but subsequently executes the synchronized command with a different parameter. This case should not result in an error; however, the preparation effect could be different from what the application expects. The application should, therefore, make sure to use the same parameter between *lpCmdData* of this command and the subsequent corresponding execute command.

Output Param

None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_COMMANDUNSUPP	The command specified in the dwCommand
	field is not supported by the Service
	Provider.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SYNCHRONIZEUNSUPP	The preparation for the command specified
	in the dwCommand with the parameter
	specified in the <i>lpCmdData</i> is not supported
	by the Service Provider.

Events

Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments

For sample flows of this synchronization see the [Ref 1] Appendix C.

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9. Events

9.1 WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA

Description This event specifies that the physical media must be inserted into the device in order for the

execute command to proceed.

Event Param LPSTR lpszUserPrompt;

lpszUserPrompt

Pointer to a null-terminated user prompt string from the form definition. NULL will be returned if either a form does not define a value for the user prompt or the event is being generated as the

result of a command that does not use forms.

Comments The application may use the *lpszUserPrompt* in any manner it sees fit, for example it might

display the string to the operator, along with a message that the media should be inserted.

CWA 16926-62:2020 (E)

9.2 WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED

Description This event specifies that the physical media has been inserted into the device.

Event Param None.

Comments The application may use this event to, for example, remove a message box from the screen telling

the user to insert a form.

CWA 16926-62:2020 (E)

9.3 WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR

Description This event specifies that a fatal error has occurred while processing a field.

Event Param LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL lpFieldFail;

lpszFormName

Points to the null-terminated form name.

lpszFieldName

Points to the null-terminated field name.

wFailure

Specifies the type of failure and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_FIELDREQUIRED	The specified field must be supplied by the application.
WFS_PTR_FIELDSTATICOVWR	The specified field is static and thus cannot be overwritten by the application.
WFS_PTR_FIELDOVERFLOW	The value supplied for the specified fields is too long.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND	The specified field does not exist.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTREAD	The specified field is not an input field.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTWRITE	An attempt was made to write to an input field.
WFS_PTR_FIELDHWERROR	The specified field uses special hardware (e.g. OCR, Low/High coercivity, etc) and an error occurred.
WFS_PTR_FIELDTYPENOTSUPPORTED	The form field type is not supported with device.
WFS_PTR_FIELDGRAPHIC	The specified graphic image could not be printed.
WFS_PTR_CHARSETFORM	Service Provider does not support character set specified in form.

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9.4 WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING

Description This event is used to specify that a non-fatal error has occurred while processing a field.

Event Param LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL lpFieldFail;

As defined in the section describing WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR.

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9.5 WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

Description This event specifies that the status of the retract bin holding the retracted media has changed.

Event Param LPWFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD lpBinThreshold;

usBinNumber

Number of the retract bin for which the status has changed.

wRetractBin

Specifies the current state of the retract bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK	The retract bin of the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin of the printer is full.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH	The retract bin of the printer is high.

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9.6 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN

Description This event is sent when the media is taken from the exit slot following the completion of a

successful eject operation or following a WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED event. For devices that do not physically move media, this event may also be generated when the media is

taken from the device.

Event Param None

Comments Note that since this event can occur after the completion of a function that includes a media eject,

it is not an execute event.

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9.7 WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD

Description

This user event is used to specify that the state of the paper reached a threshold. There is no threshold defined for the parking station as this can contain only one paper item.

Event Param

LPWFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD lpPaperThreshold;

wPaperSource

Specifies the paper sources as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	The only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	The lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	The external paper source (such as envelope
	tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	The auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	The second auxiliary paper source.

wPaperThreshold

Specifies the current state of the paper source as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper in the paper source is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper in the paper source is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper in the paper source is out.

Comments

None.

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9.8 WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD

Description This user event is used to specify that the state of the toner (or ink) reached a threshold.

Event Param LPWORD lpwTonerThreshold;

lpwTonerThreshold

Specifies the current state of the toner (or ink) as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TONERFULL	The toner (or ink) in the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_TONERLOW	The toner (or ink) in the printer is low.
WFS_PTR_TONEROUT	The toner (or ink) in the printer is out.

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9.9 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED

Description This event specifies that the physical media has been inserted into the device without any read or

print execute commands being executed. This event is only generated when media is entered in an

unsolicited manner.

Event Param None.

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9.10 WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD

Description This user event is used to specify that the state of the imaging lamp reached a threshold.

Event Param LPWORD lpwLampThreshold;

lpwLampThreshold

Specifies the current state of the imaging lamp as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_LAMPOK	The imaging lamp is in a good state.
WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING	The imaging lamp is fading and should be
	changed.
WFS PTR LAMPINOP	The imaging lamp is inoperative.

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9.11 WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD

Description This user event is used to specify that the state of the stamping ink reached a threshold.

Event Param LPWORD lpwInkThreshold;

lpwInkThreshold

Specifies the current state of the stamping ink as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_INKFULL	The stamping ink in the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_INKLOW	The stamping ink in the printer is low.
WFS_PTR_INKOUT	The stamping ink in the printer is out.

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9.12 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED

Description This event is generated when a media is detected in the device during a reset operation.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIADETECTED lpMediaDetected;

wPosition

Specifies the media position after the reset operation, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	The media was retracted during the reset operation.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT	The media is in the print position or on the stacker.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAENTERING	The media is in the exit slot.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed in the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The media is in an unknown position.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED	The media was expelled during the reset operation.

usRetractBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media was retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. It is only relevant if *wPosition* equals WFS PTR MEDIARETRACTED.

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9.13 WFS_SRVE_PTR_RETRACTBINSTATUS

Description This event specifies that the status of the retract bin has changed.

Event Param LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS lpBinStatus;

usBinNumber

Number of the retract bin for which the status has changed.

wRetractBin

Specifies the current state of the retract bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBININSERTED	The retract bin has been inserted.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINREMOVED	The retract bin has been removed.

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9.14 WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED

Description This event is used to indicate when media has been presented to the customer for removal.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED lpMediaPresented;

usWadIndex

Specifies the index (starting from one) of the presented wad, where a Wad is a bunch of one or more pages presented as a bunch.

usTotalWads

Specifies the total number of wads in the print job, zero if the total number of wads is not known.

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9.15 WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED

Description This event is used to indicate when a form or media definition has successfully been loaded via

the WFS_CMD_PTR_LOAD_DEFINITION command.

Event Param LPWFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED lpDefinitionLoaded;

lpszDefinitionName

Specifies the name of the form or media just loaded.

dwDefinitionType

Specifies the type of definition loaded. This field can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_FORMLOADED	The form identified by <i>lpszDefinitionName</i>
	has been loaded.
WFS_PTR_MEDIALOADED	The media identified by <i>lpszDefinitionName</i>
	has been loaded.

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9.16 WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED

Description

This event is generated as a result of physical media that is rejected whenever an attempt is made to insert media into the physical device. Rejection of the media will cause the command currently executing to complete with a WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED error, at which point the media should be removed.

Event Param

LPWFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED lpMediaRejected;

wMediaRejected

Specifies the reason for rejecting the media as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHORT	The rejected media was too short.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_LONG	The rejected media was too long.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_MULTIPLE	The media was rejected due to insertion of multiple documents.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_ALIGN	The media could not be aligned and was rejected.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_MOVETOALIGN	The media could not be transported to the align area and was rejected.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHUTTER	The media was rejected due to the shutter failing to close.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_ESCROW	The media was rejected due to problems transporting media to the escrow position.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_THICK	The rejected media was too thick.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_OTHER	The media was rejected due to a reason other than those listed above.

Comments

The application may use this event to (for example) display a message box on the screen indicating why the media was rejected, and telling the user to remove and reinsert the media.

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9.17 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED

Description This event is used to indicate when media has been presented to the customer for removal as a

result of a print operation through some non XFS interface.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED lpMediaPresented;

usWadIndex

Specifies the index (starting from one) of the presented wad, where a Wad is a bunch of one or more pages presented as a bunch.

usTotalWads

Specifies the total number of wads in the print job, zero if the total number of wads is not known.

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9.18 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

Description

This event indicates when media has been automatically retracted by the device. Support for this event is indicated when the *usAutoRetractPeriod* field of the WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES output structure is non-zero. The event can be generated as the result of any command that presents media to the customer.

Event Param

LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED lpMediaRetracted

wRetractResult

Specifies the result of the automatic retraction, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_OK	The media was retracted successfully.
WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_MEDIAJAMM	ED

The media is jammed.

usBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media was retracted to or zero if the media is retracted to the transport. This number has to be between zero and the number of bins supported by this device. This value is also zero if *wRetractResult* is WFS PTR AUTO RETRACT MEDIAJAMMED.

Comments

None.

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9.19 WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEVICEPOSITION

Description This service event reports that the device has changed its position status.

Event Param LPWFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION lpDevicePosition;

wPosition

Position of the device as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating
	position.
WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its
	normal operating position.
WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	The position of the device cannot be
	determined.

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9.20 WFS_SRVE_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE

Description This service event specifies that the power save recovery time has changed.

Event Param LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE lpPowerSaveChange;

usPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state. This value is zero if the device exited the power saving mode.

Comments

If another device class compounded with this device enters into a power saving mode this device will automatically enter into the same power saving mode and this event will be generated.

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10. Form, Sub-Form, Field, Frame, Table and Media Definitions

This section outlines the format of the definitions of forms, the fields within them, optional tables and fields within the form, and the media on which they are printed.

10.1 Definition Syntax

The syntactic rules for form, field and media definitions are as follows:

White space space, tabLine continuation backslash (\)

• Line termination CR, LF, CR/LF; line termination ends a "keyword section"

(a keyword and its value[s])

Keywords must be all upper case

Names (field/media/font names) any case; case is preserved;

Service Providers are case sensitive

• Strings all strings must be enclosed in double quote characters (");

standard C escape sequences are allowed.

• Comments start with two forward slashes (//), end at line termination

Other notes:

The values of a keyword are separated by commas.

- If a keyword is present, all its values must be specified; default values are used only if the keyword is
 absent.
- Values that are character strings are marked with asterisks in the definitions below, and must be quoted as specified above.
- The order of attributes within the forms is not mandatory and the attributes may be defined in any order.
- All forms can be represented using either ISO 646 (ANSI) or UNICODE character encoding. If the
 UNICODE representation is used then all Names and Strings are restricted to an internal representation
 of ISO 646 (ANSI) characters. Only the INITIALVALUE and FORMAT keyword values can have
 double byte values outside of the ISO 646 (ANSI) character set.
- If forms character encoding is UNICODE then, consistent with the UNICODE standard, the file prefix must be in Little Endian (0xFFFE) or Big Endian (0xFEFF) notation, such that UNICODE encoding is recognized.
- A form and its optional subforms that have multiple XFSFIELDs with the same *fieldname* are invalid. The WFS ERR PTR FORMINVALID error will be returned if specified in the input to the command.
- A form that has multiple XFSSUBFORMs with the same *subformname* is invalid. The WFS ERR PTR FORMINVALID error will be returned if specified in the input to the command.
- A form and its optional subforms that have multiple XFSFRAMEs with the same *framename* are invalid. The WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID error will be returned if specified in the input to the command.

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10.2 Form and Media Measurements

The UNIT keyword sections of the form and media definitions specify the base horizontal and vertical resolution as follows:

- The base value specifies the base unit of measurement.
- The x and y values specify the horizontal and vertical resolution as fractions of the base value (e.g. an x value of 10 and a base value of MM means that the base horizontal resolution is 0.1 mm).

The base resolutions thus defined by the UNIT keyword section of the XFSFORM definition are used as the units of the form definition keyword sections:

- SIZE (width and height values)
- ALIGNMENT (xoffset and yoffset values)

and of the sub-form definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (x and y values)
- SIZE (width and height values)

and of the field definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (x and y values)
- SIZE (width and height values)
- INDEX (xoffset and yoffset values)

and of the frame definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (x and y values)
- SIZE (width and height values)
- REPEATONX (xoffset value)
- REPEATONY (yoffset value)

The base resolutions thus defined by the UNIT keyword section of the XFSMEDIA definition are used as the units of the media definition keyword sections:

- SIZE (width and height values)
- PRINTAREA (x, y, width and height values)
- RESTRICTED (x, y, width and height values)

NOTE: The origin for coordinate based systems is (0,0). The origin for row/column based systems can be (0,0) or (1,1) and must be configurable within the Service Provider.

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10.3 Form Definition ¹

XFSFORM		formname*	
BEGIN			
(required)	UNIT	base,	Base resolution unit for form definition: MM INCH
			ROWCOLUMN
		x,	Horizontal base unit fraction
		y	Vertical base unit fraction
(required)	SIZE	width,	Width of form
		height	Height of form
	ALIGNMENT	alignment, xoffset, yoffset	Alignment of the form on the physical media: TOPLEFT (default) TOPRIGHT BOTTOMLEFT BOTTOMRIGHT This option allows the positioning of a form onto a physical page relative to any combination of the edges of the physical media, to support the variations in how devices sense the edge of page for positioning purposes. Horizontal offset relative to the horizontal alignment specified by alignment. Always specified as a positive value (i.e. if aligned to the right side of the media, means offset the form to the left). (default = 0) Vertical offset relative to the vertical alignment specified by alignment. Always specified as a positive value (i.e. if aligned to the bottom of the media, means offset the form
			upward). (default = 0)
	ORIENTATION	type	Orientation of form: PORTRAIT (default) LANDSCAPE
	SKEW	skewfactor	Maximum skew factor in degrees (default = 0)
	VERSION	major,	Major version number
		minor, date*, author*	Minor version number Creation/modification date Author of form
(required)	LANGUAGE	languageID	Language used in this form - a 16 bit value (LANGID) which is a combination of a primary (10 bits) and a secondary (6 bits) language ID (This is the standard language ID in the Win32 API; standard macros support construction and decomposition of this composite ID)
	CPI	срі	Characters per inch. This value specifies the default CPI within the form. When the ROWCOLUMN unit is used, the form CPI and LPI are used to calculate the position and size of all fields within a form, irrespective of the CPI and LPI of the fields themselves.
	LPI	lpi	Lines per inch. This value specifies the default LPI within the form. When the ROWCOLUMN unit is used, the form CPI and LPI are used to calculate the position and size of all fields within a form, irrespective of the CPI and LPI of the fields themselves.
	POINTSIZE	pointsize	This value specifies the default POINTSIZE within the form.
	COPYRIGHT	copyright*	Copyright entry
	TITLE	title*	Title of form
	COMMENT	comment*	Comment section

¹ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Form definition.

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	USERPROMPT	prompt*	Prompt string for user interaction
	[XFSFIELD BEGIN END]	fieldname*	One field definition (as defined in the next section) for each field in the form. The <i>fieldname</i> within a form and its optional subforms must be unique
	[XFSFRAME BEGIN END]	framename*	One frame definition (as defined in the next section) for each frame in the form. The <i>framename</i> within a form and its optional subforms must be unique
	[XFSSUBFORM BEGIN END]	subformname*	One subform definition (as defined in the next section) for each subform in the form. The <i>subformname</i> within a form must be unique.
END			

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10.4 SubForm Definition ²

XFSSUBFORM		subformname*	The subformname within a form must be unique.
		subjormname	The subfortillatile within a form must be unique.
BEGIN			
(required)	POSITION	X, Y or (Y, Z)	Horizontal position (relative to left side of form) Vertical position (relative to top of form).
		1 01 (1, 2)	
			Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning
			relative to top of form when top of form is other than 1st
			page of form, where Z indicates page number (relative to 0)
			and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the
			form page number (as indicated by Z).
			Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to
			top of the 1st form page.
(required)	SIZE	width,	Width of subform. Width must not exceed width of form.
(11 11)		height	Height of subform. Height must not exceed height of form.
	[XFSFIELD	fieldname*	One field definition (as defined in the next section) for each
		J	field in the subform. The fieldname within a form and its
			optional subforms must be unique.
	BEGIN		operation and the state of an que
	• • •		
	END]		
	[XFSFRAME	framename*	One frame definition (as defined in the next section) for
	-		each frame in the subform. The framename within a form
			and its optional subforms must be unique.
	BEGIN		1
	• • •		
	END]		
END	•		

The XFSSUBFORM definition provides a means to isolate a selected area of a form where the user may want to have a select group of fields, frames, and/or running headers and footers. All field and frame definitions within a subform are relative to the POSITION of the subform. A form definition with an imbedded subform will have a series of statements illustrated as follows:

```
XFSFORM
BEGIN

*

XFSSUBFORM
BEGIN

XFSFIELD
BEGIN

*

END

XFSFIELD
BEGIN

*

END

END

END

END
```

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² Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a SubForm definition.

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10.5 Field Definition ³

XFSFIELD		fieldname*	The <i>fieldname</i> within a form and its optional subforms must be unique.
BEGIN			be unique.
(required)	POSITION	X, Y or (Y, Z)	Horizontal position (relative to left side of form/subform). Vertical position (relative to top of form/subform). Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to top of form/subform when top of form/subform is other than 1 st page of form/subform, where Z indicates page number (relative to 0) and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the form/subform page number (as indicated by Z). Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to top of the 1 st form/subform.
	FOLLOWS	fieldname*	Print this field directly following the field with the name <fieldname>; positioning information is ignored. See the description of WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM. If FOLLOWS is omitted then fields are printed in the order that they appear in the form definition.</fieldname>
	HEADER	N N-N	This field is either a form/subform header field. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the header field is to print within. N-N represents a form/subform page number range the header field is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
		ALL	commas. ALL indicates that header field is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the header field is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	FOOTER	N N-N	This field is either a form/subform footer field. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the footer field is to print within. N-N represents a form/subform page number range the footer field is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
		All	commas. ALL indicates that footer field is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the footer field is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	SIDE	side	Side of form where field is positioned: FRONT (default) BACK
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Field width Field height
	INDEX	repeatcount, xoffset, yoffset	Count how often this field is repeated in the form, INDEX fields are fixed length. (default is no INDEX field) Horizontal offset for next field Vertical offset for next field

³ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Field definition.

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ТҮРЕ	fieldtype	Type of field:
TILE	Jieiuiype	
		TEXT (default)
		MICR
		OCR
		MSF
		BARCODE
		GRAPHIC
		PAGEMARK
SCALING	scalingtype	Information on how to size the GRAPHIC within the field:
	071	BESTFIT (default) scale to size indicated
		ASIS render at native size
		MAINTAINASPECT
		scale as close as possible to size
		indicated while maintaining the
		aspect ratio and not losing graphic
		information.
D + D CODE	1	SCALING is only relevant for GRAPHIC field types.
BARCODE	hriposition	Position of the HRI (Human Readable Interpretation)
		characters:
		NONE (default)
		ABOVE
		BELOW
		ВОТН
		The type of barcode to print is defined in the FONT field.
COERCIVITY	coercivity	Coercivity to be used for writing to the magnetic stripe:
	•	AUTO (default) decided by the Service
		Provider or the hardware
		LOW low coercivity
		HIGH high coercivity
		COERCIVITY is only relevant for MSF field types.
CLASS	class	Field class:
CLASS	ciuss	OPTIONAL (default)
		STATIC
A COEGG		REQUIRED
ACCESS	access	Access rights of field:
		WRITE (default)
		READ
		READWRITE
OVERFLOW	overflow	Action on field overflow:
		TERMINATE (default)
		TRUNCATE
		BESTFIT (the Service Provider fits the data
		into the field as well as it can)
		OVERWRITE (a contiguous write)
		WORDWRAP
		W OILD W ICH

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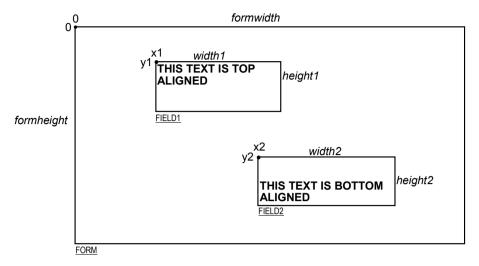
STYLE	style	Display attributes as a combination of the following, ORed
STILL	Siyie	together using the " " operator:
		NORMAL (default)
		BOLD
		ITALIC
		UNDER (single underline)
		DOUBLEUNDER (double underline)
		DOUBLE (double width)
		TRIPLE (triple width)
		QUADRUPLE (quadruple width) STRIKETHROUGH
		ROTATE90 (rotate 90 degrees clockwise)
		ROTATE 70 (rotate 270 degrees clockwise)
		UPSIDEDOWN (upside down)
		PROPORTIONAL (proportional spacing)
		DOUBLEHIGH
		TRIPLEHIGH
		QUADRUPLEHIGH
		CONDENSED
		SUPERSCRIPT
		SUBSCRIPT
		OVERSCORE
		LETTERQUALITY NEARLETTERQUALITY
		DOUBLESTRIKE
		OPAQUE (If omitted then default attribute
		is transparent)
		Some of these Styles may be mutually exclusive, or may
		combine to provide unexpected results.
CASE	case	Convert field contents to:
		NOCHANGE (default)
		UPPER
HODIZONEAL	·	LOWER
HORIZONTAL	justify	Horizontal alignment of field contents: LEFT (default)
		RIGHT
		CENTER
		JUSTIFY
VERTICAL	justify	Vertical alignment of field contents:
		BOTTOM (default)
		CENTER
		ТОР
COLOR	color	Color name:
		BLACK (default)
		WHITE GRAY
		RED
		BLUE
		GREEN
		YELLOW
RGBCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format:
		R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255.
		G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255.
		B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255.
LANGUAGE	languagaID	RGBCOLOR overrides the COLOR attribute. Language used in this field - a 16 bit value (LANGID)
LANGUAGE	languageID	which is a combination of a primary (10 bits) and a
		secondary (6 bits) language ID (This is the standard
		language ID in the Win32 API; standard macros support
		construction and decomposition of this composite ID).
		If unspecified defaults to form definition LANGUAGE
		specification.

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		1	
FONT		fontname*	Font name: This attribute is interpreted by the Service Provider. In some cases it may indicate printer resident
			fonts, and in others it may indicate the name of a
			downloadable font. For BARCODE fields it represents the
			barcode font name
			In some cases this predefines the following parameters:
POINT	CSIZE	pointsize	Point size. If unspecified, the point size defaults to the
		poinisize	POINTSIZE defined for the form.
CPI		срі	Characters per inch. If unspecified, the CPI defaults to the
			CPI defined for the form.
LPI		lpi	Lines per inch. If unspecified, the LPI defaults to the LPI
			defined for the form.
FORM	IAT	formatstring*	This is an application defined input field describing how the
		ľ	application should format the data. This may be interpreted
			by the Service Provider.
INITIA	ALVALUE	value*	Initial value. For GRAPHIC type fields, this value may
			contain the filename of the graphic image. The type of this
			graphic will be determined by the file extension (e.g. BMP
			for Windows Bitmap). Graphic file name may be full or
			partial path.
			For example "C:\BSVC\BSVCLOGO.BMP" illustrates use
			of full path name.
			A file name specification of "LOGO.BMP" illustrates
			partial path name. In this instance file is obtained from
			current directory. Graphic contents can be changed
			dynamically at run-time and the new content will be printed
			on the next print action.
END			

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The following diagrams illustrate the positioning and sizing of text fields on a form, and, in particular, the vertical alignment of text within a field using **VERTICAL=TOP** and **VERTICAL=BOTTOM** values in the field definition.



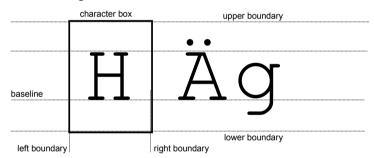
VERTICAL=TOP the upper boundary of the character drawing box (shown below)

is positioned vertically to the upper field boundary.

VERTICAL=BOTTOM the baseline of the character drawing box (shown below)

is positioned vertically to the lower field boundary.

Definition of the character drawing box:



When more than one line of text is to be printed in a field, and the definition includes **VERTICAL=BOTTOM**, the vertical position of the first line is calculated using the specified (or implied) **LPI** value.

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10.6 Frame Definition ⁴

XFSFRAME		framename*	
BEGIN			
(required)	FRAMES	X, Y or (Y, Z) fieldname*	Horizontal position of top left corner of the frame (relative to left side of form/subform). Vertical position of top left corner of frame (relative to top of form/subform). Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning of the top left corner of the frame relative to top of form/subform when top of form/subform is other than 1st page of form/subform, where Z indicates page number (relative to 0) and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the form/subform page number (as indicated by Z). Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning of the left corner of frame relative to top of the 1st form/subform. Frames the field with the name <fieldname>, positioning and size information are ignored. The frame surrounds the complete field, not just the printed</fieldname>
			data. If the field is repeated, the frame surrounds the first and last fields that are printed.
	HEADER	N N-N	This frame is either a form/subform header frame. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the header frame is to print within. N-N represents a form/subform page number range the
		IV-IV	header frame is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by commas.
		ALL	ALL indicates that header frame is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the header frame is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	FOOTER	N	This field is either a form/subform footer frame. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the footer frame is to print within.
		N-N	N-N represents a form/subform page number range the footer frame is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
		ALL	commas. ALL indicates that footer frame is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the footer frame is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	SIDE	side	Side of form where this frame is positioned: FRONT (default) BACK
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Frame width in base horizontal units for the form Frame height in base vertical units for the form
	REPEATONX	repeatcount, xoffset	Count how often this frame is repeated horizontally in the form. Horizontal offset for next frame in base horizontal units.
	REPEATONY	repeatcount,	Count how often this frame is repeated vertically in the form.

-

⁴ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Frame definition.

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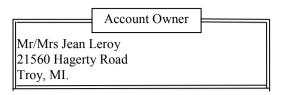
	yoffset	Vertical offset for next frame in base vertical units.
ТҮРЕ	frametype	Type of frame:
		RECTANGLE (default)
		ROUNDED_CORNER
CT ACC	1	ELLIPSE
CLASS	class	Frame class:
		STATIC (default) OPTIONAL
		(The frame is printed only if its
		name appears in the list of field
		names given as parameter to the
		WFSExecute command. In this
		case, the name of the frame
		must be different from all the
		names of the fields.)
OVERFLOW	overflow	Action on frame overflowing the form:
		TERMINATE (default)
		TRUNCATE BESTFIT (the Service Provider fits the
		frame into the media as well
		as it can)
STYLE	style	Frame line attributes:
		SINGLE THIN (default)
		DOUBLE_THIN
		SINGLE_THICK
		DOUBLE_THICK
		DOTTED
COLOR	color	Color name for frame lines:
		BLACK (default) WHITE
		GRAY
		RED
		BLUE
		GREEN
		YELLOW
RGBCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format:
		R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255.
		G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255.
		B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255. RGBCOLOR overrides the COLOR attribute.
FILLCOLOR	color	Color name for interior of frame:
FILLCOLOR	20101	BLACK
		WHITE (default)
		GRAY
		RED
		BLUE
		GREEN
D CD 200 - 5 -	n G 5	YELLOW
RGBFILLCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format:
		R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255.
		G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255.
		B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255. RGBFILLCOLOR overrides the FILLCOLOR attribute.

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	FILLSTYLE	style	Style for filling the interior of	f frame:
			NONE	(default)
			SOLID	Solid color
			BDIAGONAL	Downward hatch (left to
				right) at 45 degrees
			CROSS	Horizontal and vertical
				crosshatch
			DIAGCROSS	Crosshatch at 45 degrees
			FDIAGONAL	Upward hatch (left to
			HODIZONEAL	right) at 45 degrees
			HORIZONTAL	Horizontal hatch
	arin amar ari		VERTICAL	Vertical hatch
	SUBSTSIGN	substitute		titute sign when a character in
		sign	a read field cannot be read	
	TITLE	fieldname*	Uses the field with the name <fieldname> as the title of the</fieldname>	
			frame. Positioning information	
	HORIZONTAL	justify	Horizontal alignment of the f	
			LEFT (default))
			CENTER	
			RIGHT	
	VERTICAL	justify	Vertical alignment of the fram	
			TOP (default))
END			BOTTOM	
END				

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The **XFSFRAME** definition provides a means for framing a **XFSFIELD** text field. The basic concept of a **XFSFRAME** definition and corresponding **XFSFIELD** definition is illustrated as follows:



When the **XFSFRAME** frames a field, its positioning and size information are ignored. Instead, Service Providers should position the top left corner of the frame one horizontal base unit to the left and one vertical base unit to the top of the top left corner of the field. Similarly, Service Providers should size the frame so that it bottom right corner is one base unit below and to the right to the field. For instance, if the form units are **ROWCOLUMN**, and a **XFSFRAME** "A" is said to frame the **XFSFIELD** "B" which is positioned at row 1, column 1 with a size of 1 row and 20 columns, the frame will be drawn from row 0, column 0 to row 3, column 22.

The horizontal and vertical positioning of a frame title overrides the position of the named **XFSFIELD**. For instance, if a **XFSFRAME** "A" is said to have the **XFSFIELD** "B" as its title, with the default horizontal and vertical title justification, it is just as if **XFSFIELD** "B" had been positioned at the top left corner of the frame. Note that the **SIZE** information for the title field still is meaningful; it gives the starting and/or ending positions of the frame lines.

The **SIDE** attributes of the **XFSFRAME** and the **XFSFIELD**s it refers to must agree.

The width of the lines and the interval between the lines of doubled frames are vendor specific. Whether the lines are drawn using graphics printing or using pseudo-graphic is vendor specific. However, Service Providers are responsible for rendering intersecting frames.

Depending on the printer technology, framing of fields can substantially slow down the print process.

Support of framing by a Service Provider or the device it controls is not mandatory to be XFS compliant.

Sample 1: Simple framing

XFSFORM "Multiple Balances"

BEGIN

UNIT INCH, 16, 16

SIZE 91, 64

VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS"

LANGUAGE 0x0409

XFSFIELD "Account Title"

BEGIN

POSITION 15, 4

SIZE 30, 4

CLASS STATIC

HORIZONTAL CENTER

INITIALVALUE "Account"

END

XFSFIELD "Balance Title"

BEGIN

POSITION 45, 4

SIZE 30, 4

CLASS STATIC

HORIZONTAL CENTER

INITIALVALUE "Balance"

When printed with the following field list:

Account[0]=0123456789123001

Account[1]=0123456789123002

Account[2]=0123456789123003

Balance[0]=\$17465.12

Balance[1] =\$2458.23

Balance[2]=\$6542.78

Will print:

Account	Balance
012345678912300	\$17465.12
1 012345678912300	\$2458.23
2 012345678912300	\$6542.78
3	

When printed with the following field list: Account[0]=0123456789123001

Balance[0]=\$17465.12

Will print:

Account	Balance
012345678912300 1	\$17465.12

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```
END
 XFSFIELD "Account"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 15, 8
   SIZE 30, 4
   INDEX 10, 0, 3
 END //"Account"
 XFSFIELD "Balance"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 45, 8
   SIZE 30, 4
   INDEX 10, 0, 3
   HORIZONTAL RIGHT
 END //"Balance"
 XFSFRAME "Account Title"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 15, 4
   FRAMES "Account Title"
   SIZE 30, 4
   STYLE DOUBLE_THIN
 END
 XFSFRAME "Balance Title"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 45, 4
   FRAMES "Balance Title"
   SIZE 30.4
   STYLE DOUBLE THIN
 END
 XFSFRAME "Account"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 15, 8
   FRAMES "Account"
   SIZE 30, 34
   STYLE DOUBLE THIN
 END
 XFSFRAME "Balance"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 45, 8
   FRAMES "Balance"
   SIZE 30, 34
   STYLE DOUBLE_THIN
 END
END
```

Sample 2: Framing with title

```
XFSFORM "Bank Details"
                                                      When printed with the following
                                                      field list:
BEGIN
                                                      Owner = Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy
 UNIT INCH, 16, 16
                                                               21560 Hagerty Road
                                                               Troy, MI.
 SIZE 121, 64
 VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor"
 LANGUAGE 0x0409
                                                      will print:
 XFSFIELD "Owner Frame Title"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 24, 9
                                                                  Account Owner
                                                      Mr/Mrs Jean
   SIZE 27, 3
                                                      Leroy
   CLASS STATIC
                                                      21560 Hagerty
                                                     Road
   HORIZONTAL CENTER
                                                      Troy, MI.
```

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```
VERTICAL CENTER
  INITIALVALUE "Account Owner"
  END
  XFSFIELD "Owner"
  BEGIN
   POSITION 20, 11
   SIZE 35, 9
   CLASS REOUIRED
    VERTICAL TOP
 END //"Owner"
  XFSFRAME "Owner Frame"
  BEGIN
   POSITION 19, 10
   FRAMES "Owner"
   SIZE 37, 11
   TITLE "Owner Frame Title"
   HORIZONTAL CENTER
 END
END
```

Sample 3: Framing with filled interior

```
XFSFORM "Bank Details"
BEGIN
 UNIT INCH, 16, 16
 SIZE 121, 64
 VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor"
 LANGUAGE 0x0409
 XFSFIELD "Owner"
 BEGIN
  POSITION 20, 11
  SIZE 35, 9
  CLASS REQUIRED
   VERTICAL TOP
 END
 XFSFRAME "Owner Frame"
 BEGIN
   POSITION 19, 10
   FRAMES "Owner"
   SIZE 37, 11
   FILLCOLOR GRAY
   FILLSTYLE CROSS
 END
END
```

```
When printed with the following field list:

Owner = Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy
21560 Hagerty Road
Troy, MI.
```

will print:

```
Mr/Mrs Jean
Leroy
21560 Hagerty
Road
Troy, MI.
```

Sample 4: Repeated Framing

XFSFORM "Smart Account Number"

BEGIN

UNIT INCH, 16, 16

SIZE 121, 64

VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor"

LANGUAGE 0x0409

XFSFIELD "Account Number"

BEGIN

POSITION 20, 8

SIZE 4, 4

INDEX 12, 4, 0

When printed with the following field list:
Account Number[0]=0
Account Number[1]=1
Account Number[2]=2
Account Number[3]=3
Account Number[4]=4
Account Number[5]=5
Account Number[6]=6
Account Number[7]=7
Account Number[8]=8
Account Number[9]=9

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10.7 Media Definition ⁵

The media definition determines those characteristics that result from the combination of a particular media type together with a particular vendor's printer. The aim is to make it easy to move forms between different vendors' printers which might have different constraints on how they handle a specific media type. It is the Service Provider's responsibility to ensure that the form definition does not specify the printing of any fields that conflict with the media definition. An example of such a conflict might be that the form definition asks for a field to be printed in an area that the media definition defines as an unprintable area.

The media definition is also intended to provide the capability of defining media types that are specific to the financial industry. An example is a passbook as shown below.

Passbook with horizontal fold staggering print area fold restricted area

XFSMEDIA		medianame*	
BEGIN			
	ТУРЕ	type	Predefined media types are: GENERIC (default) MULTIPART PASSBOOK
	SOURCE	source	Paper source: ANY (default) UPPER LOWER EXTERNAL (envelope tray or single sheet feed tray) AUX AUX2 PARK
(required)	UNIT	base, x, y	Base resolution unit for media definition: MM INCH ROWCOLUMN Horizontal base unit fraction Vertical base unit fraction
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Width of physical media Height of physical media (0 = unlimited, i.e. roll paper)
	PRINTAREA	x, y, width, height	Printable area relative to top left corner of physical media (default = physical size of media)
	RESTRICTED	x, y, width, height	Restricted area relative to top left corner of physical media (default = no restricted area)

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⁵ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Media definition.

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	FOLD	fold	Type of passbook: HORIZONTAL (default) VERTICAL
	STAGGERING	staggering	Staggering of passbook from top (default = 0)
	PAGE	count	Number of pages in passbook (default = 0)
	LINES	count	Number of printable lines (default = 0)
END			

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10.8 XFS Form/Media Definition Files in Multi-Vendor Environments

Although for most Service Providers directory location and extension of XFS form/media definition files are configurable through the registry, the capabilities of Service Providers and or actual hardware may vary. Therefore the following considerations should be taken into account when applications use XFS form definition files with the purpose of running in a multi-vendor environment:

- Physical print area dimensions of printers are not identical.
- Graphic printout may not be supported, which may limit the use of the FONT, CPI and LPI keywords.
- Some printers may have a resolution of dots/mm rather than dots/inch, which may result in printouts with a specific CPI/LPI font resolution to be slightly off size.
- Some form/media definition keywords may not be supported due to limitations of the hardware or software.

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11. Command and Event Flows during Single and Multi Page / Wad Printing

It is possible to print a number of pages or bunches of pages (wads) through the XFS Service Provider. The following sections describe how this is achieved.

11.1 Single Page / Single Wad Printing with immediate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- A single page or single wad of pages is presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to WFS PTR CTRLEJECT.

The WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with dwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
4.			One wad or page is required.	
5.				Wad or page presented.
6.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
7.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
8.	User takes wad/page.			
9.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

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11.2 Single Page / Single Wad Printing with separate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- A single page or single wad of pages is presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to zero.
- The media is presented to the user through a WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command, with the *lpdwMediaControl* flag set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS CMD PTR PRINT RAW FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with dwMediaControl set to zero).		
4.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
5.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA (with lpdwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
6.			One wad or page is required.	
7.				Wad or page presented.
8.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
9.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA completes successfully.		
10.	User takes wad/page.			
11.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

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11.3 Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with immediate Media Control

This table illustrates a successful WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command where multiple page / wads are presented (and the *bMediaPresented* Capability flag indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated). In addition, the previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be printed.

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- Multiple pages or multiple wads of pages are presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to WFS PTR CTRLEJECT.
- The previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be presented.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with dwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
4.			Three wads or pages are required.	
5.				First wad or page presented.
6.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
7.	User takes wad/page.			
8.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	
9.				Second wad or page presented.
10.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
11.	User takes wad/page.			
12.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

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Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
13.				Final wad or page presented.
14.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
15.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
16.	User takes wad/page.			
17.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

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11.4 Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with separate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- Multiple pages or multiple wads of pages are presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to zero.
- The media is presented to the user through a WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command, with the *lpdwMediaControl* flag set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.
- The previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be presented.

The WFS CMD PTR PRINT FORM command is used as a specific example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT FORM command issued (with <i>dwMediaControl</i> set to zero).		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT FORM completes successfully.		
4.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA (with lpdwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
5.			Three wads or pages are required.	
6.				First wad or page presented.
7.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
8.	User takes wad/page.			
9.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	
10.				Second wad or page presented.
11.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
12.	User takes wad/page.			
13.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

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Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
14.				Final wad or page presented.
15.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA-PRESENTED event generated.	
16.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA completes successfully.		
17.	User takes wad/page.			
18.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

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11.5 Printing with immediate Media Control and bMediaPresented == FALSE

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- One or more pages or wads of pages is presented (it is the same flow for one or a number of pages).
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is FALSE (indicates that the WFS EXEE PTR MEDIAPRESENTED event cannot be generated).
- The dwMediaControl flag in the command data is set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with dwMediaControl set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
4.			One or more wads/pages are required.	
5.				One or more wad or page presented.
7.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
8.	User takes wads/pages.			
9.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

12. C-Header File

```
* xfsptr.h XFS - Banking Printer (PTR) definitions
                   (receipt, journal, passbook and document printer)
                 Version 3.<del>30 (March 19 2015) 40</del> (December 6 2019)
********************
#ifndef __INC_XFSPTR__H
#define __INC_XFSPTR__H
#ifdef __cplu
extern "C" {
          _cplusplus
#endif
#include <xfsapi.h>
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* value of WFSPTRCAPS.wClass */
             WFS SERVICE CLASS PTR
#define
            WFS SERVICE CLASS VERSION PTR
                                                         (0 \times 1 \times 0 \times 3) \times 2 \times 0 \times 3 \times 3 \times 0 \times 40 \times 7 \times 0 \times 10^{-10}
#define
             WFS SERVICE CLASS NAME PTR
                                                         "PTR"
#define PTR SERVICE OFFSET
                                                         (WFS SERVICE CLASS PTR * 100)
/* PTR Info Commands */
(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 1)
                                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
                                                       (PTR SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
                                                       (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
                                                       (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 6)
          WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FIELD (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
#define
#define
/* PTR Execute Commands */
            WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL MEDIA
#define
                                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_MEDIA_EXTENTS
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_UNTAGE
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER
                                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
                                                        (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 4)
                                                       (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
                                                       (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
                                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
                                                       (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 9)
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE
                                                       (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
            WFS_CMD_PTR_LOAD_DEFINITION
WFS_CMD_PTR_SUPPLY_REPLENISH
                                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define
#define
#define
            WFS CMD PTR POWER SAVE CONTROL
                                                         (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 15)
#define WFS CMD PTR CONTROL PASSBOOK
                                                         (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 16)
#define
             WFS_CMD_PTR_SET_BLACK_MARK_MODE
                                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17)
            WFS CMD PTR SYNCHRONIZE COMMAND
                                                         (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 18)
/* PTR Messages */
#define
             WFS EXEE PTR NOMEDIA
                                                        (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 1)
#define
             WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED
                                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
             WFS EXEE PTR FIELDERROR
                                                         (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 3)
#define
```

```
#define WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
#define WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
#define WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
#define WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_RETRACTBINSTATUS (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEVICEPOSITION (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19)
#define WFS_SRVE_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20)
 /* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwDevice */
#define WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE
#define WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE
#define WFS_PTR_DEVPOWEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF
#define WFS_PTR_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE
#define WFS_PTR_DEVHWERROR WFS_STAT_DEVHWERROR
#define WFS_PTR_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR
#define WFS_PTR_DEVBUSY WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY
#define WFS_PTR_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
#define WFS_PTR_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD WFS_STAT_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD
 /* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwMedia and
                                  WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED.wPosition */
 #define WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT #define WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTPRESENT
                                                                                                                          (1)
#define WFS_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED
#define WFS_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED
#define WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTSUPP
#define WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN
#define WFS_PTR_MEDIAENTERING
#define WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED
                                                                                                                           (2)
                                                                                                                           (3)
                                                                                                                          (4)
                                                                                                                          (5)
 /* additional values for WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED.wPosition */
 #define WFS PTR MEDIAEXPELLED
 /* Size and max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper and
                                                                  WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaperType */
 #define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE
#define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX
                                                                                                                           (WFS PTR SUPPLYSIZE - 1)
 /* Indices of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [...] */
#define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER
#define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER
#define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL
#define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX
#define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2
#define WFS_PTR_SUPPLYPARK
                                                                                                                          (1)
                                                                                                                          (2)
                                                                                                                          (3)
                                                                                                                           (4)
                                                                                                                           (5)
 /* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper and
                               WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperThreshold */
 #define WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW
#define WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP
                                                                                                                           (0)
                                                                                                                           (1)
                                                                                                                          (2)
                                                                                                                          (3)
 #define
                            WFS PTR PAPERUNKNOWN
                                                                                                                          (4)
 #define WFS PTR PAPERJAMMED
                                                                                                                           (5)
 /* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwToner */
```

```
WFS_PTR_TONERFULL
                                                                     (0)
#define
                 WFS_PTR_TONERLOW
#define
                                                                     (1)
                 WFS_PTR_TONEROUT
WFS_PTR_TONERNOTSUPP
#define
                                                                     (2)
#define
                                                                     (3)
#define
               WFS PTR TONERUNKNOWN
                                                                     (4)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwInk */
#define WFS_PTR_INKFULL
#define WFS_PTR_INKLOW
#define WFS_PTR_INKOUT
#define WFS_PTR_INKNOTSUPP
#define WFS_PTR_INKNOTSUPP
                                                                     (0)
                                                                    (1)
                                                                    (2)
                                                                     (3)
                                                                     (4)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwLamp */
#define
               WFS PTR LAMPOK
                                                                     (0)
#define WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING
#define WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP
#define WFS_PTR_LAMPNOTSUPP
#define WFS_PTR_LAMPUNKNOWN
                                                                    (1)
                                                                     (2)
                                                                     (3)
                                                                     (4)
/* values of WFSPTRRETRACTBINS.wRetractBin and
                  WFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD.wRetractBin */
#define WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK #define WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL
                                                                    (0)
                                                                    (1)
#define WFS PTR RETRACTNOTSUPP
                                                                    (2) /* Deprecated */
#define WFS_PTR_RETRACTUNKNOWN
                                                                    (3)
                 WFS PTR RETRACTBINHIGH
#define
/* additional values of WFSPTRRETRACTBINS.wRetractBin */
#define
                 WFS PTR RETRACTBINMISSING
/* Size and max index of dwGuidLights array */
#define
                  WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE
#define
                WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS MAX
                                                                     (WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE - 1)
/* Indices of WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
                    WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [...] */
#define
                WFS PTR GUIDANCE PRINTER
                                                                     (0)
/* Values of WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [...]
                  WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [...] */
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0x00000000)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF (0x00000001)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH (0x00000004)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH (0x00000008)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH (0x00000010)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS (0x00000080)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED (0x00000100)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN
                                                               (0x00000200)
(0x00000400)
(0x00000800)
                                                                   (0x00001000)
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA
#define WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE
                                                                   (0x00002000)
                                                                   (0x00004000)
            WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_ENTRY
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_EXIT
                                                                   (0x00100000)
#define
#define
                                                                    (0x00200000)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.wDevicePosition
                   WFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION.wPosition */
                WFS PTR DEVICEINPOSITION
#define
                                                                     (0)
```

```
#define WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION #define WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN #define WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP
                                                                                   (1)
                                                                                    (2)
                                                                                    (3)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaperType */
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED
                                                                                  (0)
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED #define WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN
                                                                                    (1)
                                                                                    (2)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.wAntiFraudModule */
#define WFS_PTR_AFMNOTSUPP
#define WFS_PTR_AFMOK
#define WFS_PTR_AFMINOP
#define WFS_PTR_AFMDEVICEDETECTED
                                                                                    (0)
                                                                                    (1)
                                                                                    (2)
                                                                                    (3)
#define WFS_PTR_AFMUNKNOWN
                                                                                   (4)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwType */
                                                                          (0x0001)
(0x0002)
(0x0004)
(0x0008)
#define WFS_PTR_TYPERECEIPT
#define WFS_PTR_TYPEPASSBOOK
#define WFS_PTR_TYPEJOURNAL
#define WFS_PTR_TYPEDOCUMENT
#define WFS_PTR_TYPESCANNER
                                                                                   (0x0010)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.wResolution,
                    WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wResolution */
#define WFS_PTR_RESLOW
#define WFS_PTR_RESMED
#define WFS_PTR_RESHIGH
#define WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH
                                                                                    (0x0001)
                                                                                    (0x0002)
                                                                                    (0x0004)
                                                                                    (0x0008)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwReadForm */
#define WFS_PTR_READOCR (0x0001)
#define WFS_PTR_READMICR (0x0002)
#define WFS_PTR_READMSF (0x0004)
#define WFS_PTR_READBARCODE (0x0008)
#define WFS_PTR_READPAGEMARK (0x0010)
#define WFS_PTR_READIMAGE (0x0020)
#define WFS_PTR_READEMPTYLINE (0x0040)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwWriteForm */
#define WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT

#define WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS

#define WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR

#define WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR

#define WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF

#define WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE

#define WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP
                                                                                   (0x0001)
                                                                                    (0x0002)
                                                                                  (0x0004)
                                                                                  (0x0008)
                                                                               (0x0010)
(0x0020)
                                                                                    (0 \times 0.040)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */
#define WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL
                                                                                   (0x0001)
#define WFS PTR EXTVERTICAL
                                                                                    (0x0002)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl,
                     WFSPTRCAPS.dwControlEx, dwMediaControl */
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT
                                                                                   (0x0001)
                                                                               (UxUU
(0x0004)
                                                                                  (0x0008)
                                                                             (0x0020)
(0x0040)
(0x0080)
```

```
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM
                                                            (0x0100)
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLTURNMEDIA
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK
                                                            (0x0200)
                                                            (0x0400)
                                                            (0x0800)
                                                            (0 \times 1000)
                                                            (0x2000)
#define WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL #define WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT
                                                            (0x4000)
                                                           (0x8000)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.dwControlEx, dwMediaControl */
#define
               WFS PTR CTRLROTATE180
                                                            (0x00010000)
#define
              WFS PTR CTRLCLEARBUFFER
                                                            (0x00020000)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwPaperSources,
                WFSFRMMEDIA.wPaperSources,
                 WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wPaperSource and
                WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperSource */
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERANY
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER
#define WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL
                                                            (0 \times 0002)
                                                            (0x0004)
                                                            (0x0008)
                                                            (0x0010)
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2
#define WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK
                                                            (0x0020)
                                                            (0x0040)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControlPassbook
               WFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK.wAction */
#define WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLNOTSUPP
#define WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNFORWARD
#define WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNBACKWARD
#define WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD
#define WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEBACKWARD
                                                            (0x0001)
                                                           (0x0002)
                                                           (0x0004)
                                                            (0x0008)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageType,
                WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageType and
                 WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageType */
#define WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF
#define WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF
#define WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP
                                                            (0 \times 0001)
                                                            (0x0002)
                                                            (0x0004)
#define WFS PTR IMAGEJPG
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwFrontImageColorFormat,
                 WFSPTRCAPS.fwBackImageColorFormat,
                 WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageColorFormat and
                 WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColorFormat */
             WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY
#define
                                                            (0 \times 0001)
             WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL
                                                            (0x0002)
#define
#define
                                                            (0x0004)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and
                WFSPTRIMAGEREOUEST.wCodelineFormat */
               WFS PTR CODELINECMC7
#define
                                                            (0x0001)
#define WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC/
#define WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B
#define WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR
                                                            (0x0002)
                                                            (0x0004)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource,
                 WFSPTRIMAGEREOUEST.fwImageSource and
                 WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */
#define
             WFS PTR IMAGEFRONT
                                                            (0 \times 0001)
#define
             WFS PTR IMAGEBACK
                                                            (0x0002)
#define
             WFS PTR CODELINE
                                                            (0x0004)
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport,
```

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	WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */	
#define	WFS PTR ASCII	(0x0001)
#define	WFS PTR UNICODE	(0x0002)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCoercivityType */	
#define	WFS PTR COERCIVITYNOTSUPP	(0x0001)
#define	WFS PTR COERCIVITYLOW	(0x0002)
#define	WFS PTR COERCIVITYHIGH	(0x0004)
#define	WFS PTR COERCIVITYAUTO	(0x0008)
/-1- 3		
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.wPrintSides */	
#define		(0x0000)
#define	WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESSINGLE	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESDUAL	(0x0002)
/* values	of WFSFRMHEADER.wBase, WFSFRMMEDIA.wBase,	
	WFSPTRMEDIAUNIT.wBase */	
#define	WFS_FRM_INCH	(0)
#define	WFS_FRM_MM	(1)
#define	WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	(2)
/* values	of WFSFRMHEADER.wAlignment */	
#define	WFS FRM TOPLEFT	(0)
#define	WFS FRM TOPRIGHT	(1)
#define		(2)
#define	WFS_FRM_BOTTOMRIGHT	(3)
/* values	of WFSFRMHEADER.wOrientation */	
#define	WFS FRM PORTRAIT	(0)
#define	WFS FRM LANDSCAPE	(1)
/* values	of WFSFRMMEDIA.fwMediaType */	
#define	WFS FRM MEDIAGENERIC	(0)
#define	WFS_FRM_MEDIAGENERIC WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK	(1)
#define	WFS FRM MEDIAMULTIPART	(2)
		,
/* values	of WFSFRMMEDIA.wFoldType */	
#define	WFS_FRM_FOLDNONE	(0)
#define	WFS_FRM_FOLDHORIZONTAL	(1)
#define	WFS_FRM_FOLDVERTICAL	(2)
/* values	of WFSFRMFIELD.fwType */	
#define	WFS FRM FIELDTEXT	(0)
#define	WFS FRM FIELDMICR	(1)
#define	WFS_FRM_FIELDOCR	(2)
#define	WFS_FRM_FIELDMSF	(3)
#define	WFS_FRM_FIELDBARCODE	(4)
#define		(5)
#define	WFS_FRM_FIELDPAGEMARK	(6)
/* values	of WFSFRMFIELD.fwClass */	
#define	WFS FRM CLASSSTATIC	(0)
#define	WFS_FRM_CLASSOPTIONAL	(1)
#define	WFS_FRM_CLASSREQUIRED	(2)
/* values	of WFSFRMFIELD.fwAccess */	
#define	WFS FRM ACCESSREAD	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_FRM_ACCESSWRITE	(0x0001)
-		/

```
/* values of WFSFRMFIELD.fwOverflow */
#define
                WFS FRM OVFTERMINATE
                                                                    (0)
#define WFS_FRM_OVFTERMINATE
#define WFS_FRM_OVFTRUNCATE
#define WFS_FRM_OVFBESTFIT
                                                                    (1)
                                                                   (2)
#define WFS FRM OVFOVERWRITE
                                                                    (3)
                                                                   (4)
#define WFS FRM OVFWORDWRAP
/* values of WFSFRMFIELD.wCoercivity */
#define WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYAUTO #define WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYLOW #define WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYHIGH
                                                                    (0)
                                                                   (1)
                                                                    (2)
/* values of WFSPTRFIELDFAIL.wFailure */
#define WFS_PTR_FIELDREQUIRED

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDSTATICOVWR

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDOVERFLOW

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTREAD

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTWRITE

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDHWERROR

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDTYPENOTSUPPORTED

#define WFS_PTR_FIELDGRAPHIC

#define WFS_PTR_CHARSETFORM
                                                                    (0)
                                                                   (1)
                                                                    (2)
                                                                   (3)
                                                                   (4)
                                                                   (5)
                                                                   (6)
                                                                   (7)
                                                                    (8)
                                                                    (9)
/* values of WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wAlignment */
#define WFS_PTR_ALNUSEFORMDEFN
#define WFS_PTR_ALNTOPLEFT
#define WFS_PTR_ALNTOPRIGHT
                                                                    (0)
                                                                    (1)
                                                                   (2)
#define WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMLEFT #define WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMRIGHT
                                                                    (3)
                                                                    (4)
/* values of WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wOffsetX and
                  WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wOffsetY */
#define
                WFS PTR OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN
                                                                   (0xffff)
/* values of WFSPTRRAWDATA.wInputData */
               WFS PTR NOINPUTDATA
                                                                    (0)
#define
               WFS PTR INPUTDATA
                                                                    (1)
/* values of WFSPTRIMAGE.wStatus */
               WFS PTR DATAOK
#define
                                                                    (0)
#define
               WFS PTR DATASRCNOTSUPP
                                                                    (1)
#define
               WFS PTR DATASRCMISSING
                                                                    (2)
/* values of WFSPTRBINSTATUS.wRetractBin */
               WFS PTR RETRACTBININSERTED
                                                                    (1)
#define
               WFS PTR RETRACTBINREMOVED
/* values of WFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED.dwDefinitionType */
                 WFS PTR FORMLOADED
                                                                    (0x00000001)
#define
#define
               WFS PTR MEDIALOADED
                                                                    (0x00000002)
/* values of WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN.fwSupplyReplen */
#define WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERUPPER
#define WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERLOWER
#define WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX
#define WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX2
#define WFS_PTR_REPLEN_TONER
                                                                  (0x0001)
                                                                (0x0002)
                                                                  (0x0004)
                                                                  (0x0008)
#define WFS_PTR_REPLEN_TONI
#define WFS_PTR_REPLEN_INK
                WFS_PTR_REPLEN_TONER
                                                                   (0x0010)
                                                                   (0x0020)
```

```
#define
             WFS PTR REPLEN LAMP
                                                        (0x0040)
/* values of WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED.wMediaRejected */
#define WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHORT #define WFS_PTR_REJECT_LONG
                                                       (1)
#define WFS_PTR_REJECT_MULTIPLE
#define WFS_PTR_REJECT_ALIGN
#define WFS_PTR_REJECT_MOVETOALIGN
#define WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHUTTER
#define WFS_PTR_REJECT_ESCROW
                                                       (2)
                                                       (3)
                                                       (4)
                                                        (5)
                                                        (6)
#define WFS PTR REJECT THICK
                                                        (7)
#define WFS PTR REJECT OTHER
                                                        (8)
/* values of WFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED.wRetractResult */
#define
            WFS PTR AUTO RETRACT OK
#define
            WFS PTR AUTO RETRACT MEDIAJAMMED (1)
/* values of WFSPTRSTATUS.wBlackMarkMode and
               WFSPTRSETBLACKMARKMODE.wBlackMarkMode */
#define WFS PTR BLACKMARKDETECTIONNOTSUPP (0)
#define
            WFS PTR BLACKMARKDETECTIONON (1)
#define
              WFS PTR BLACKMARKDETECTIONOFF
#define
              WFS PTR BLACKMARKDETECTIONUNKNOWN (3)
/* XFS PTR Errors */
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND
                                                       (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 0))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND
                                                        (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1))
(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT
#define WFS ERR PTR READNOTSUPPORTED
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 3))
#define WFS ERR PTR FLUSHFAIL
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 4))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAOVERFLOW
                                                       (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5))
                                                       (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE
#define WFS ERR PTR FIELDERROR
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 7))
#define WFS ERR PTR MEDIANOTFOUND
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 8))
                                                     (-(PTR SERVICE_OFFSET + 9))
#define WFS ERR PTR EXTENTNOTSUPPORTED
#define WFS ERR PTR MEDIAINVALID
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 10))
#define WFS ERR PTR FORMINVALID
                                                       (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11))
#define WFS ERR PTR FIELDINVALID
                                                        (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 12))
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE_OFFSET + 13))
#define WFS ERR PTR MEDIASKEWED
                                                   (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14))
(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15))
#define WFS ERR PTR RETRACTBINFULL
#define WFS ERR PTR STACKERFULL
                                                   (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16))

(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17))

(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18))

(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19))

(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL
#define WFS ERR PTR SHUTTERFAIL
#define WFS ERR PTR MEDIAJAMMED
#define WFS ERR PTR FILE IO ERROR
                                                      (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21))
#define WFS ERR PTR CHARSETDATA
                                                       (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED
                                                       (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 23))
(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 24))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT
#define WFS ERR PTR INKOUT
#define WFS ERR PTR TONEROUT
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 25))
#define WFS ERR PTR LAMPINOP
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 26))
                                                      (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 27))
#define WFS ERR PTR SOURCEINVALID
                                                     (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 28))
(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 29))
(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 30))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID
#define WFS ERR PTR MEDIASIZE
#define WFS ERR PTR INVALID PORT
#define WFS ERR PTR MEDIARETAINED
                                                      (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 31))
                                                      (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 32))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK
                                                     (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 33))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_DEFINITIONEXISTS
                                                  (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 34))
(-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 35))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED
#define WFS ERR PTR MEDIARETRACTED
                                                      (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 36))
#define WFS ERR PTR MSFERROR
#define WFS ERR PTR NOMSF
                                                       (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 37))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMSF (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 37))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_FILENOTFOUND (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 38))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_POWERSAVETOOSHORT (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 39))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_POWERSAVEMEDIAPRESENT (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 40))
```

```
#define WFS ERR PTR PASSBOOKCLOSED
                                           (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 41))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_LASTORFIRSTPAGEREACHED
                                           (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 42))
#define WFS_ERR_PTR_COMMANDUNSUPP
                                            (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 43))
#define WFS ERR PTR SYNCHRONIZEUNSUPP
                                            (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 44))
/*========*/
/* PTR Info Command Structures */
/*-----*/
typedef struct wfs ptr retract bins
   WORD
                       wRetractBin;
   USHORT
                       usRetractCount;
} WFSPTRRETRACTBINS, *LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS;
typedef struct wfs ptr status
   WORD
                       fwDevice;
   WORD
                       fwMedia:
   WORD
                        fwPaper[WFS PTR SUPPLYSIZE];
   WORD
                       fwToner:
   WORD
                       fwInk:
                       fwLamp;
   LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS *lppRetractBins;
   USHORT
                       usMediaOnStacker;
   LPSTR
                       lpszExtra;
                       dwGuidLights[WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
   DWORD
   WORD
                       wDevicePosition;
   USHORT
                       usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
                       wPaperType[WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE];
   WORD
                       wAntiFraudModule;
                       wBlackMarkMode;
} WFSPTRSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRSTATUS;
typedef struct wfs ptr caps
   WORD
                       wClass;
   WORD
                       fwType;
   BOOL
                       bCompound;
   WORD
                       wResolution;
   WORD
                       fwReadForm:
   WORD
                       fwWriteForm;
   WORD
                       fwExtents;
   WORD
                       fwControl;
   USHORT
                       usMaxMediaOnStacker;
   BOOL
                       bAcceptMedia;
   BOOL
                       bMultiPage;
   WORD
                       fwPaperSources;
   BOOT
                       bMediaTaken;
   USHORT
                       usRetractBins;
   LPUSHORT
                       lpusMaxRetract;
   WORD
                       fwImageType;
   WORD
                       fwFrontImageColorFormat;
   WORD
                       fwBackImageColorFormat;
   WORD
                       fwCodelineFormat;
   WORD
                       fwImageSource;
                       fwCharSupport;
   WORD
   BOOL
                       bDispensePaper;
   LPSTR
                       lpszExtra;
                       dwGuidLights[WFS PTR GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
   DWORD
   LPSTR
                       lpszWindowsPrinter;
   BOOL
                       bMediaPresented;
                       usAutoRetractPeriod;
   USHORT
   BOOL
                       bRetractToTransport;
   BOOL
                       bPowerSaveControl;
   WORD
                       fwCoercivityType;
   WORD
                       fwControlPassbook;
   WORD
                       wPrintSides;
   BOOT.
                       bAntiFraudModule;
   DWORD
                       dwControlEx;
```

```
BOOL
                          bBlackMarkModeSupported;
    LPDWORD
                          lpdwSynchronizableCommands;
} WFSPTRCAPS, *LPWFSPTRCAPS;
typedef struct _wfs_frm_header
    LPSTR
                          lpszFormName;
    WORD
                          wBase:
    WORD
                          wUnitX;
    WORD
                          wUnitY;
    WORD
                          wWidth:
    WORD
                          wHeight;
    WORD
                          wAlignment;
    WORD
                          wOrientation;
    WORD
                          wOffsetX;
    WORD
                          wOffsetY:
    WORD
                          wVersionMajor;
    WORD
                          wVersionMinor;
    LPSTR
                          lpszUserPrompt;
    WORD
                          fwCharSupport;
    LPSTR
                          lpszFields;
    WORD
                          wLanguageID;
} WFSFRMHEADER, *LPWFSFRMHEADER;
typedef struct _wfs_frm_media
                          fwMediaType;
    WORD
    WORD
                          wBase;
    WORD
                          wUnitX;
    WORD
                          wUnitY;
    WORD
                          wSizeWidth;
    WORD
                          wSizeHeight;
    WORD
                         wPageCount;
    WORD
                          wLineCount;
    WORD
                          wPrintAreaX;
    WORD
                          wPrintAreaY;
    WORD
                          wPrintAreaWidth;
    WORD
                         wPrintAreaHeight;
    WORD
                          wRestrictedAreaX;
    WORD
                          wRestrictedAreaY;
    WORD
                          wRestrictedAreaWidth;
    WORD
                          wRestrictedAreaHeight;
    WORD
                          wStagger;
    WORD
                          wFoldType;
    WORD
                          wPaperSources;
} WFSFRMMEDIA, *LPWFSFRMMEDIA;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_query_field
    LPSTR
                          lpszFormName;
    LPSTR
                          lpszFieldName;
} WFSPTRQUERYFIELD, *LPWFSPTRQUERYFIELD;
typedef struct _wfs_frm_field
    LPSTR
                          lpszFieldName;
    WORD
                          wIndexCount;
    WORD
                          fwType;
    WORD
                          fwClass;
    WORD
                         fwAccess;
    WORD
                         fwOverflow;
    LPSTR
                          lpszInitialValue;
    LPWSTR
                          lpszUNICODEInitialValue;
    LPSTR
                          lpszFormat;
    LPWSTR
                          lpszUNICODEFormat;
    WORD
                          wLanguageID;
    WORD
                          wCoercivity;
} WFSFRMFIELD, *LPWFSFRMFIELD;
typedef struct wfs ptr hex data
```

```
USHORT
                       usLength;
   LPBYTE
                       lpbData;
} WFSPTRXDATA, *LPWFSPTRXDATA;
/* WFS INF PTR CODELINE MAPPING input and output structures */
typedef struct wfs ptr codeline mapping
                       wCodelineFormat;
} WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING;
typedef struct wfs ptr codeline mapping out
   WORD
                       wCodelineFormat;
   LPWFSPTRXDATA
                       lpxCharMapping;
WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT;
/* PTR Execute Command Structures */
/*----*/
typedef struct wfs ptr print form
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
                       lpszMediaName;
   WORD
                       wAlignment;
                      wOffsetX;
   WORD
                       wOffsetY;
   WORD
                       wResolution;
   DWORD
                       dwMediaControl;
   LPSTR
                       lpszFields;
                       lpszUNICODEFields;
   LPWSTR
                       wPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPRINTFORM, *LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form
                       lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
   LPSTR
                       lpszFieldNames;
   LPSTR
                       lpszMediaName;
                       dwMediaControl;
} WFSPTRREADFORM, *LPWFSPTRREADFORM;
typedef struct wfs ptr read form out
   LPSTR
                       lpszFields;
   LPWSTR
                       lpszUNICODEFields;
} WFSPTRREADFORMOUT, *LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT;
typedef struct wfs ptr raw data
   WORD
                       wInputData;
   ULONG
                       ulSize:
                       lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATA, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATA;
typedef struct wfs ptr raw data in
   ULONG
                      ulSize:
                       lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATAIN, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_unit
   WORD
                       wBase:
   WORD
                       wUnitX;
   WORD
                       wUnitY:
} WFSPTRMEDIAUNIT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT;
```

```
typedef struct wfs ptr media ext
    ULONG
                         ulSizeX:
    ULONG
                         ulSizeY;
} WFSPTRMEDIAEXT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT;
typedef struct wfs ptr image request
    WORD
                         wFrontImageType;
    WORD
                         wBackImageType;
    WORD
                         wFrontImageColorFormat;
    WORD
                         wBackImageColorFormat;
    WORD
                         wCodelineFormat;
    WORD
                         fwImageSource;
    LPSTR
                         lpszFrontImageFile;
    LPSTR
                         lpszBackImageFile;
} WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST, *LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image
    WORD
                         wImageSource;
    WORD
                         wStatus:
    ULONG
                         ulDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                         lpbData;
} WFSPTRIMAGE, *LPWFSPTRIMAGE;
typedef struct wfs ptr reset
    DWORD
                         dwMediaControl;
    USHORT
                         usRetractBinNumber;
} WFSPTRRESET, *LPWFSPTRRESET;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_set_guidlight
    WORD
                         wGuidLight;
                         dwCommand;
} WFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT;
typedef struct wfs ptr print raw file
    LPSTR
                         lpszFileName;
                         dwMediaControl;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                         dwPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE, *LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_load_definition
    LPSTR
                         lpszFileName;
    BOOT
                         bOverwrite:
} WFSPTRLOADDEFINITION, *LPWFSPTRLOADDEFINITION;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_supply_replen
    WORD
                         fwSupplyReplen;
} WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN, *LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN;
typedef struct wfs ptr power save control
    USHORT
                         usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_control_passbook
    USHORT
                         usCount;
} WFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK, *LPWFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_set_black_mark_mode
    WORD
                         wBlackMarkMode;
```

```
} WFSPTRSETBLACKMARKMODE, *LPWFSPTRSETBLACKMARKMODE;
typedef struct wfs ptr synchronize command
                       dwCommand;
   T.PVOTD
                       lpCmdData;
} WFSPTRSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND, *LPWFSPTRSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND;
/*============*/
/* PTR Message Structures */
/*=============*/
typedef struct _wfs_ptr field failure
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
                       lpszFieldName;
   WORD
                       wFailure;
} WFSPTRFIELDFAIL, *LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL;
typedef struct wfs ptr bin threshold
   USHORT
                       usBinNumber;
   WORD
                       wRetractBin:
} WFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD;
typedef struct wfs ptr paper threshold
    WORD
                       wPaperSource;
    WORD
                       wPaperThreshold;
} WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media detected
   WORD
                       wPosition;
                       usRetractBinNumber;
} WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIADETECTED;
typedef struct wfs ptr bin status
   USHORT
                       usBinNumber;
                       wRetractBin;
} WFSPTRBINSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS;
typedef struct wfs ptr media presented
   USHORT
                       usWadIndex;
   USHORT
                       usTotalWads;
} WFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_definition loaded
                       lpszDefinitionName;
   DWORD
                       dwDefinitionType;
} WFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED, *LPWFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED;
typedef struct wfs ptr media rejected
                       wMediaRejected;
} WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_retracted
                       wRetractResult;
   HISHORT
                       usBinNumber:
} WFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED;
typedef struct wfs ptr device position
   WORD
                       wPosition;
```